

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR  
FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 March 2026  
TOGETHER WITH LIMITED REVEIW REPORT**

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 March 2026**

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**LIMITED REVIEW REPORT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS  
(S.A.E)****Introduction**

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated financial position of **Raya Holding for Financial Investments Company (S.A.E.)** as of 31 March 2026, as well as the related consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our limited review.

**Scope of Review**

We conducted our review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410, "Review of Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion to these consolidation financial statements.

**Conclusion**

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements does not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the consolidated financial position of the entity as of 31 March 2026, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the period ended then in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards.

Cairo: 13 May 2026



Fellow of the Egyptian Society of Accountants and Auditors

Fellow of the Egyptian Tax Society S.M.M No. (5947)

General Authority for Financial Supervision Registration No. (71)

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RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION

AS OF 31 Mar 2026

|                                                                                         | Note   | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP    | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                                                           |        |                       |                       |
| <b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                                               |        |                       |                       |
| Fixed assets                                                                            | (4)    | 3,263,161,098         | 3,282,912,518         |
| Investment property                                                                     | (5)    | 690,490,576           | 703,736,551           |
| Projects under construction                                                             | (6)    | 300,125,241           | 248,535,944           |
| Intangible assets                                                                       | (7)    | 87,915,653            | 88,235,862            |
| Right of use assets                                                                     | (8)    | 1,207,708,542         | 1,217,400,274         |
| Goodwill                                                                                | (9)    | 263,341,691           | 263,341,691           |
| Investments in associates                                                               | (10)   | 447,286,135           | 393,056,642           |
| Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income                            | (11)   | 30,687,614            | 29,979,351            |
| Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income – Mutual funds             |        | 8,613,050             | 8,232,550             |
| Deferred tax Assets                                                                     |        | 96,481,794            | 23,923,491            |
| <b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                                         |        | <b>6,395,811,394</b>  | <b>6,259,354,874</b>  |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                                                   |        |                       |                       |
| Inventory                                                                               | (12)   | 6,063,749,520         | 6,148,790,364         |
| Work in progress                                                                        |        | 1,264,840,262         | 1,319,891,252         |
| Accounts and notes receivable                                                           | (13)   | 24,519,848,492        | 21,553,121,145        |
| Investments at fair value through profit and loss - Mutual funds                        |        | 199,246               | 190,444               |
| Prepaid expenses and other debit balances                                               | (14)   | 12,272,105,926        | 10,998,884,956        |
| Share based compensation                                                                | (15)   | 20,751,583            | 20,751,583            |
| Cash on hand and at banks                                                               | (16)   | 5,023,410,722         | 4,386,556,192         |
| <b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>                                                             |        | <b>49,164,905,751</b> | <b>44,428,185,936</b> |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>                                                                     |        | <b>55,560,717,145</b> | <b>50,687,540,810</b> |
| <b>EQUITY</b>                                                                           |        |                       |                       |
| Issued and paid-up capital                                                              | (17)   | 1,070,324,442         | 1,070,324,442         |
| Legal reserve                                                                           |        | 106,981,942           | 106,981,942           |
| General reserve                                                                         |        | 41,935,960            | 41,935,960            |
| Treasury shares                                                                         | (28)   | (9,978,744)           | (9,978,744)           |
| Finance Risk Reserve                                                                    | (31)   | 124,165,903           | 115,325,358           |
| Reserve for revaluation of Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income |        | 9,363,650             | 8,814,746             |
| Accumulated foreign currency translation differences                                    |        | 133,003,717           | 79,628,342            |
| Retained Earnings                                                                       |        | 4,436,832,097         | 2,060,223,258         |
| Periodic Distributions                                                                  |        | -                     | (202,908,010)         |
| Profits for the Period after deducting non- controlling interest                        |        | 384,009,190           | 2,588,357,394         |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY BEFORE NON- CONTROLLING INTEREST</b>                                    |        | <b>6,296,638,157</b>  | <b>5,858,704,688</b>  |
| Non- controlling interest                                                               |        | 2,808,118,291         | 2,545,623,485         |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>                                                                     |        | <b>9,104,756,448</b>  | <b>8,404,328,173</b>  |
| <b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                                                          |        |                       |                       |
| Long term notes payable                                                                 |        | 179,861,165           | 189,580,428           |
| Long term loans and finance lease arrangements                                          | (18)   | 2,110,667,068         | 1,522,852,493         |
| Long term bank overdraft                                                                | (22-B) | 1,314,399,871         | 1,375,661,959         |
| Long term finance lease liability                                                       |        | 1,395,440,069         | 1,308,806,326         |
| Other long-term liabilities                                                             | (30)   | 193,567,731           | 174,408,612           |
| <b>TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                                                    |        | <b>5,193,935,904</b>  | <b>4,571,309,818</b>  |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                                                              |        |                       |                       |
| Provisions                                                                              | (19)   | 308,412,641           | 267,996,940           |
| Accounts and notes payable                                                              | (20)   | 13,080,718,605        | 11,816,115,113        |
| Short term loans                                                                        |        | 2,247,983,118         | 2,172,313,706         |
| long term loans and finance lease – current portion                                     | (18)   | 1,296,616,171         | 1,551,905,225         |
| Finance lease liability – current portion                                               |        | 88,431,204            | 64,397,757            |
| Credit facilities                                                                       | (22-A) | 14,645,290,147        | 12,998,792,252        |
| Income Taxes                                                                            |        | 636,748,735           | 543,660,373           |
| Accrued expenses and other credit balances                                              | (21)   | 8,945,094,784         | 8,224,824,717         |
| Dividends payable                                                                       | (23)   | 12,729,388            | 71,896,736            |
| <b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>                                                        |        | <b>41,262,024,793</b> | <b>37,711,902,819</b> |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>                                                                |        | <b>46,455,960,697</b> | <b>42,283,212,637</b> |
| <b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>                                                     |        | <b>55,560,717,145</b> | <b>50,687,540,810</b> |

Chief Financial Officer  
Hossam Hussein

Chief Executive Officer  
Ahmed Khalil

Chairman  
Medhat Khalil

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (35) are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  
- Limited review report is attached.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED PROFIT OR LOSS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

|                                                                 | Note | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP   | 31 Mar 2025<br>EGP   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues                                                        | (24) | 15,815,579,610       | 12,881,656,826       |
| Cost of revenues                                                | (25) | (12,359,605,613)     | (10,193,797,101)     |
| <b>GROSS PROFIT</b>                                             |      | <b>3,455,973,997</b> | <b>2,687,859,725</b> |
| General and administrative expenses                             |      | (1,292,132,787)      | (1,060,878,419)      |
| Board of director's Remuneration                                |      | (1,452,833)          | (120,000)            |
| Selling and marketing expenses                                  |      | (644,841,125)        | (525,568,065)        |
| Expected credit losses receivable                               | (13) | (267,463,355)        | (91,229,109)         |
| Reversal of expected credit losses receivable                   | (13) | 5,747,152            | 4,646,106            |
| Provisions                                                      | (19) | (38,674,201)         | (21,641,815)         |
| Expected credit losses for other debit balances                 |      | (2,469,780)          | -                    |
| <b>OPERATING PROFITS</b>                                        |      | <b>1,214,687,068</b> | <b>993,068,423</b>   |
| Finance cost (net)                                              |      | (487,336,084)        | (483,791,071)        |
| Foreign currency exchange differences                           |      | (87,727,587)         | (3,968,484)          |
| Company's share from profits of associates                      | (10) | 54,229,494           | 72,021,781           |
| Gain from sale of fixed assets                                  |      | -                    | 993,022              |
| Other income                                                    |      | 33,255,111           | (443,086)            |
| Takaful contribution                                            |      | (20,515,310)         | (21,186,922)         |
| <b>PROFITS BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST</b> |      | <b>706,592,692</b>   | <b>556,693,663</b>   |
| Income taxes                                                    | (26) | (253,632,286)        | (168,797,424)        |
| <b>NET PROFITS FOR THE PERIOD</b>                               |      | <b>452,960,406</b>   | <b>387,896,239</b>   |
| <b>Distributed as follows:</b>                                  |      |                      |                      |
| Holding company                                                 |      | 384,009,190          | 370,221,744          |
| Non-controlling interest                                        |      | 68,951,216           | 17,674,495           |
| <b>PROFITS FOR THE PERIOD</b>                                   |      | <b>452,960,406</b>   | <b>387,896,239</b>   |

Chief Financial Officer  
Hossam Hussein



Chief Executive Officer  
Ahmed Khalil



Chairman  
Medhat Khalil



-The accompanying notes from (1) to (35) are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

|                                                                   | Note | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Mar 2025<br>EGP  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------|---------------------|
| <b>PROFITS FOR THE PERIOD</b>                                     |      | <b>452,960,406</b> | <b>387,896,239</b>  |
| Translation differences                                           |      | 53,375,375         | (71,268,344)        |
| Investments available for sale revaluation differences-before tax | (11) | 708,263            | 2,999,701           |
| Income tax related to other comprehensive income items            |      | (159,359)          | (674,933)           |
| <b>TOTAL OF OTHER COMPERHENSIVE INCOME</b>                        |      | <b>53,924,279</b>  | <b>(68,943,576)</b> |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>                                 |      | <b>506,884,686</b> | <b>318,952,663</b>  |
| <b>Distributed as follows:</b>                                    |      |                    |                     |
| Holding company                                                   |      | 429,724,928        | 304,419,583         |
| Non-controlling Interest                                          |      | 77,159,758         | 14,533,080          |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>                                 |      | <b>506,884,686</b> | <b>318,952,663</b>  |

-The accompanying notes from (1) to (35) are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)  
STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

|                                                                 | Issued and paid-up capital | Legal reserve   | General reserve | Treasury shares | Finance risk reserve | Reservations of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income | Periodic dividend distributions | Accumulated foreign currency translation differences | Retained Earnings | Profits for the Period after deducting non-controlling interest | Total equity before non-controlling interest | Non-controlling interest | Total             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 January 2026                                                  | EGP 1,070,324,442          | EGP 106,981,942 | EGP 41,935,960  | EGP (9,978,744) | EGP 115,325,158      | EGP 8,814,746                                                                | EGP (202,908,010)               | EGP 79,628,342                                       | EGP 2,860,233,258 | EGP 2,588,357,594                                               | EGP 5,858,704,688                            | EGP 2,545,623,485        | EGP 8,404,328,173 |
| Transferred to retained earnings                                | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | 202,908,010                     | -                                                    | 2,588,357,594     | (2,588,357,594)                                                 | -                                            | -                        | -                 |
| Accumulated foreign currency translation differences            | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | 53,375,375                                           | 2,588,357,594     | -                                                               | 53,375,375                                   | -                        | 53,375,375        |
| Change in non-controlling interest                              | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | -                                                               | -                                            | (862,291)                | (862,291)         |
| Increase in non-controlling interest                            | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | -                                                               | -                                            | 194,405,881              | 194,405,881       |
| Reserve of revaluation of investments at fair value through OCI | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | 548,904                                                                      | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | -                                                               | 548,904                                      | -                        | 548,904           |
| Transferred from retained earnings to finance risk reserve      | -                          | -               | -               | -               | 8,840,545            | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | (8,840,545)       | -                                                               | -                                            | -                        | -                 |
| Converted from treasury stock to Share based compensation       | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | -                                                               | -                                            | -                        | -                 |
| Profits for the Period                                          | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | 384,009,190                                                     | 384,009,190                                  | 68,951,216               | 452,960,406       |
| 31 Mar 2026                                                     | EGP 1,070,324,442          | EGP 106,981,942 | EGP 41,935,960  | EGP (9,978,744) | EGP 124,165,903      | EGP 9,363,650                                                                | -                               | EGP 133,003,717                                      | EGP 4,436,832,097 | EGP 384,009,190                                                 | EGP 6,296,638,157                            | EGP 2,808,118,291        | EGP 9,104,756,448 |
| 1 January, 2025                                                 | 1,070,324,442              | 96,298,025      | 41,935,960      | (4,883,071)     | 78,461,196           | 3,939,192                                                                    | -                               | 129,438,705                                          | 629,377,527       | 1,688,543,816                                                   | 3,733,435,792                                | 1,018,530,272            | 4,751,966,064     |
| Transferred to retained earnings                                | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | 1,688,543,816     | (1,688,543,816)                                                 | -                                            | -                        | -                 |
| Accumulated foreign currency translation differences            | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | (71,288,344)                                         | -                 | -                                                               | (71,288,344)                                 | -                        | (71,288,344)      |
| Increase in non-controlling interest                            | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | -                                                               | -                                            | 240,000,000              | 240,000,000       |
| Dividend Distributions                                          | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | -                                                                            | -                               | -                                                    | (210,150,006)     | -                                                               | (210,150,006)                                | (3,295,713)              | (215,445,719)     |
| Reserve of revaluation of investments at fair value through OCI | -                          | -               | -               | -               | -                    | 2,324,768                                                                    | -                               | -                                                    | -                 | -                                                               | 2,324,768                                    | -                        | 2,324,768         |
| Profits for the Period                                          | -                          | 96,298,025      | 41,935,960      | (4,883,071)     | 78,461,196           | 6,283,960                                                                    | -                               | 58,170,361                                           | 2,107,771,337     | 370,221,744                                                     | 3,824,563,954                                | 17,874,495               | 387,898,239       |
| 31 Mar 2025                                                     | 1,070,324,442              | 96,298,025      | 41,935,960      | (4,883,071)     | 78,461,196           | 6,283,960                                                                    | -                               | 58,170,361                                           | 2,107,771,337     | 370,221,744                                                     | 3,824,563,954                                | 17,874,495               | 5,095,473,008     |

# RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

## STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

|                                                                                          | Note    | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP   | 31 Mar 2025<br>EGP     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|------------------------|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                              |         |                      |                        |
| Profits before income tax and non- controlling interest                                  |         | 706,592,692          | 556,693,664            |
| Depreciation of fixed assets, amortization of intangible assets, and investment property | (4,5,7) | 172,077,752          | 207,190,795            |
| Gain from disposal of fixed assets                                                       |         | -                    | (993,022)              |
| Finance cost (net)                                                                       |         | 487,336,084          | 483,791,071            |
| Company's share from profits of associates                                               | (10)    | (54,229,494)         | (72,021,781)           |
| Provisions                                                                               | (19)    | 40,431,231           | 24,501,780             |
| Write-down /up of inventory                                                              | (12)    | 9,193,005            | 23,796,279             |
| Reversal of Write-down /up of inventory                                                  | (12)    | (18,761,967)         | (9,818,221)            |
| Expected credit losses of accounts receivable                                            | (13)    | 267,463,355          | 91,229,109             |
| Reversal of expected credit losses of accounts receivables                               | (13)    | (5,747,153)          | (4,646,106)            |
|                                                                                          |         | <u>1,604,355,505</u> | <u>1,299,723,568</u>   |
| Change in inventory                                                                      | (12)    | 94,609,805           | (1,572,751,928)        |
| Change in projects under construction                                                    |         | 55,050,990           | (107,063,947)          |
| Change in accounts and notes receivable                                                  | (13)    | (3,326,654,011)      | (3,023,252,792)        |
| Change in Prepaid expenses and other debit balances                                      | (14)    | (1,273,220,969)      | (149,644,209)          |
| Change in accounts and notes payable                                                     | (20)    | 1,264,603,491        | 479,569,088            |
| Change in credit facilities Non-Banking Finance Sector                                   | (22)    | 1,044,050,515        | (6,308,555)            |
| Change in loans Non-Banking Finance Sector                                               |         | 71,036,513           | (5,530,345)            |
| Change in accrued expenses and other credit balances                                     | (21)    | 661,102,718          | (363,500,885)          |
| Change in other long-term liabilities                                                    |         | 19,159,120           | 1,988,143              |
| <b>CASH FLOWS PROVIDED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                     |         | <u>214,093,677</u>   | <u>(3,446,771,862)</u> |
| Change in Debit Balances (Tax Authority)                                                 |         | (112,902,663)        | -                      |
| Bad Debts                                                                                |         | 98,210,461           | 25,180,498             |
| Used provisions                                                                          |         | (15,529)             | (8,059,661)            |
| <b>NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                 |         | <u>199,385,946</u>   | <u>(3,429,651,025)</u> |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                              |         |                      |                        |
| (Payments) to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets and investment property            | (4,5,7) | (136,857,391)        | (347,062,989)          |
| Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and intangible assets                             | (4,7)   | (1,817,277)          | 2,645,700              |
| (Payments) in projects under construction                                                | (6)     | (51,674,778)         | (35,944,070)           |
| (Payments) to acquire long-term investments                                              |         | (8,802)              | (116,929)              |
| (Payments) to acquire short-term investments                                             |         | (380,500)            | (398,446)              |
| (Payments) to acquire time deposits for letters of credit and letters of guarantee       | (16)    | (32,532,657)         | (29,596,206)           |
| <b>NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                     |         | <u>(223,271,405)</u> | <u>(410,472,940)</u>   |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                                              |         |                      |                        |
| Proceeds / (Payments) from credit facilities                                             | (22)    | 541,185,292          | 1,491,064,272          |
| (Payments) in long term loans                                                            | (18)    | (847,201,705)        | (612,013,795)          |
| Proceeds from long term loans                                                            | (18)    | 1,184,360,124        | 1,692,033,390          |
| Change in non-controlling interest                                                       |         | 193,543,589          | 294,071,491            |
| Finance cost                                                                             |         | (487,336,084)        | (483,791,071)          |
| (Proceeds) in long term notes payables                                                   |         | (9,719,263)          | 84,411,068             |
| <b>NET CASH FLOW (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                                      |         | <u>574,831,953</u>   | <u>2,465,775,355</u>   |
| Accumulated foreign currency translation differences                                     |         | 53,375,375           | (71,268,344)           |
| <b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT DURING THE PERIOD</b>                        |         | <u>604,321,869</u>   | <u>(1,445,616,954)</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalent - beginning of the Period (after deducting time deposits)       | (16)    | 4,340,204,072        | 3,965,467,155          |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT - END OF THE PERIOD</b>                                      |         | <u>4,944,525,941</u> | <u>2,519,850,201</u>   |
| Cash on hand and at banks                                                                | (16)    | 5,023,410,721        | 2,595,798,526          |
| <b>Deduct: Restricted time deposits</b>                                                  | (16)    | <u>(78,884,780)</u>  | <u>(75,948,325)</u>    |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT- END OF THE PERIOD</b>                                       |         | <u>4,944,525,941</u> | <u>2,519,850,201</u>   |

### Non-cash transactions:

- An amount of 72,558,302 deferred tax assets was eliminated.
- An amount of 708,263 was excluded from financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- An amount of (548,903) was excluded from reserve of revaluation of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- An amount of 85,480 was excluded from projects under construction, fixed assets and investment property.

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (35) are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**1. GROUP BACKGROUND**

Raya Holding Company for Financial Investments (S.A.E) was established as holding company on 9 May 1999, the main purpose of the company is to subscribe in establishing companies that issue securities or increasing their capital in accordance with the regulations of Law number 146 for the Period 1988. The company should submit a separate feasibility study to the general authority for investment for each project the company will invest or share in by any means as a per meant condition for approval of the general authority for investment, and the company has investments in subsidiaries.

On 12 October 2016, the Commercial Register was added to the activity of the company which is the practice of promotion and coverage of subscription securities and financial advisory services on securities and the formation and management of portfolios of securities with take into consideration of laws and regulations and decisions in force and require the issuance of licenses crisis to exercise these activities taking into account Article 127 of the Annual Regulations The company may have a reformer and participate in any way with the companies of funds that carry out business similar to their work which may cooperate to achieve its purpose in Egypt or abroad, which may be merged into those companies or purchaser or their equity and in accordance with the provisions of laws and its executive regulations.

On 27 Sep 2016, the Board of Directors approved the proposal to amend the Company's name and amend Article (2) of the Company's Articles of Association. The proposed name will be Raya Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E), this was indicated in the commercial register on 12 October.

The following are the details of investment in subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as of 31 Mar 2026:

| <b>Company name</b>                                                                 | <b>Country</b> | <b>Percentage of ownership</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| 1- Raya Distribution Company                                                        | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 2- Raya Integration Company                                                         | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 3- Raya International Service Company                                               | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 4- Raya Network Services Company                                                    | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 5- Raya Gulf Company                                                                | UAE            | %100                           |
| 6- Raya Technology Company Ltd.                                                     | Saudi Arabia   | %100                           |
| 7- Raya Contact Centre Company                                                      | Egypt          | %60.13                         |
| 8- Raya Electronics Company (Previously Sama)                                       | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 9- Call Centre Company - C3                                                         | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 10- Best Service Company- Nigeria                                                   | Nigeria        | %100                           |
| 11- Raya Smart Building                                                             | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 12- Raya for Contact Centre Building Management Company                             | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 13- Ostool for Land Transport Company                                               | Egypt          | %90                            |
| 14- Raya Restaurants Company                                                        | Egypt          | %95.423                        |
| 15- Raya Tech Distribution Company                                                  | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 16- Raya for Social Media Company                                                   | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 17- Raya for Data Centres Company                                                   | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 18- Raya Venture and Investment Company                                             | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 19- Raya Contact Centre Gulf                                                        | UAE            | %100                           |
| 20- Raya for Food and Beverages Company                                             | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 21- Raya Contact Centre Company – Europe                                            | Poland         | %100                           |
| 22- Aman for Electronic Payments Company                                            | Egypt          | 76%                            |
| 23- Raya for Manufacturing and logistics Services Company                           | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 24- Raya Network power Company                                                      | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 25- Eden for Import and Export Company                                              | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 26- Madova Company                                                                  | Poland         | %100                           |
| 27- Raya Foods Company                                                              | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 28- Aman for Financial Services Company                                             | Egypt          | 76%                            |
| 29- Aman for Micro finance Company                                                  | Egypt          | 76%                            |
| 30- Raya for Modern vehicles Company                                                | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 31- Raya for advanced manufacturing Company                                         | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 32- Aman holding company for non-banking financial services and electronic payments | Egypt          | 76%                            |
| 33- Raya Electric                                                                   | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 34- Raya For Agricultural Products                                                  | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 35- United stores company                                                           | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 36- Egypt international communication company                                       | Egypt          | %100                           |
| 37- Gulf customer experience                                                        | Bahrain        | 85%                            |
| 38- Aman for Consumer Finance Company                                               | Egypt          | 76%                            |
| 39- Aman Securitization                                                             | Egypt          | 76%                            |
| 40- Aman Taqa                                                                       | Egypt          | 739                            |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

**I.GROUP BACKGROUND (CONTINUED):**

**B- Suspended companies**

| Company Name                                                    | Country  | Shareholding % |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| 1- International Business Ventures Company – IBVC               | Britain  | 100%           |
| 2- Raya U.S.A. Company                                          | USA      | 100%           |
| 3- Egyptian Company for Investment and Glass Production         | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 4- Oratech for communication and Information Systems Company*   | Egypt    | 50%            |
| 5- Oratech for Management and Information Technology Company ** | Egypt    | 50%            |
| 6- Al Byoot Alarabia for Finance Lease Company                  | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 7- Ain Company for Networks                                     | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 8- Raya Academy For It Training & Management                    | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 9- Interpain Egypt Company                                      | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 10- Raya Algeria Company                                        | Algeria  | 100%           |
| 11- Raya East Africa for financial investments company          | Tanzania | 100%           |
| 12- Best services company                                       | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 13- Tadweer company for advanced industries                     | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 14- International Business System Company – IBSE                | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 15- Raya Qatar Company                                          | Egypt    | 100%           |
| 16- Integrated technology systems company                       | Egypt    | 100%           |

\* On 13 January 2004, Oratech for Communication and Information Systems Company notified the tax authority about its need to temporary suspend its activities starting from 21 March 2003 and it handed over its tax card.

\*\* On 25 May 2008, Oratech for Management and Information Technology Company notified the tax authority about its need to temporary suspend its activities starting from 31 September 2007 and it handed over its tax card.

\*\*\* The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities and results of operations of Oratech for Communication and Information Systems Company and Oratech for Management & Information Technology Company.

The consolidated financial statements of the company for the Period ended 31 Mar 2026 were authorized for issuance in accordance with the decision of the board of directors meeting dated on 5 Mar 2026.

**2. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

**2.1 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION**

- The following steps are followed when preparing the consolidated financial position:
  - a- The carrying amount of the holding company's investment in each subsidiary and the holding company share of equity of each subsidiary are eliminated.
  - b- Non-controlling interest in the net profit or loss of the consolidated subsidiaries for the reporting Period is identified.
  - c- Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified and presented in the financial statement separately from the parent's ownership interests.  
Non-controlling interests in the net assets consist of:
    - (1) The amount of those non-controlling interests at the date of the original combination.
    - (2) The non-controlling interests' share of changes in equity since the date of the combination.
  - d- Intergroup balances of transactions, income and expenses are fully eliminated.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

**2- BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATE (CONTINUED) :**

**2.1 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED):**

- The financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared as of the same date.
- Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for similar transactions and other events in similar circumstances.
- Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent. Also, the non-controlling interests share in the group profit or loss appears separately.

Non-controlling interests shown in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

|                                                           | Percentage |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Ostool for Land Transport Company                         | 10%        |
| Oratech for Communication and Information System Company  | 50%        |
| Oratech for Management and Information Technology Company | 50%        |
| Raya Restaurants Company                                  | 4.577%     |
| Raya Contact Centre Company                               | 39.87%     |
| Aman Taqa                                                 | 61%        |

**2-2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the values of revenues, expenses, assets, and obligations included in the financial statements and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of potential liabilities at the date of the financial statements. The uncertainty surrounding these assumptions and estimates may have consequences that require substantial adjustments to the carrying amount of affected assets and liabilities in future Period s.

Estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the Period in which the estimates are revised.

The following are the main judgments and estimates that materially affect the company's Consolidated financial statements:

**2-2-1 Judgments**

**Recognition of revenue from the sale of products**

In making its own provisions, management has considered the detailed requirements for the recognition of revenue arising from the sale of products as set out in Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (48) "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" regarding whether the company has transferred to the buyer significant risks and returns arising from the ownership of the products.

**2-2-2 Estimates**

**Decreased value of customer balances and notes receivable**

An estimate of the collectible amount is made from customer balances and notes receivable when collection of the full amount is no longer expected. For individually significant amounts, the estimation is made on an individual basis. As for amounts that are not individually significant, but which are past their due date, they are assessed collectively, and a provision is made according to the period that has elapsed since their maturity date based on historical recovery rates.

**Useful life of fixed assets**

The company's management determines the estimated useful life of fixed assets for the purpose of calculating depreciation. This estimate shall be determined after considering the expected useful life of the asset or the physical depreciation of the assets. Management periodically reviews the estimated useful life and the method of depreciation to ensure that the method and duration of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits arising from these assets.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**2- BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATE (CONTINUED):**

**2-2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED):**

**Taxes**

The company is subject to income tax imposed in Egypt. Important judgments are required to determine the total provisions for current and deferred taxes. The company has made provisions, based on reasonable estimates, bearing in mind the potential consequences of the examinations conducted by the tax authorities in Egypt. The amount of this provision is based on several factors, including experience with previous tax checks and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the company and the responsible tax authority. Such differences in interpretation may arise in several issues according to the conditions prevailing in Egypt at the time.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused and carried forward tax losses so that it is probable that they will be offset by taxable profits that these losses can be used to offset. Substantial management judgments must determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based on the likely timing and level of future taxable profits, as well as future tax planning strategies.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

The company assesses whether there are indications of impairment of non-financial assets in each of the reporting Periods. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indications that the carrying value may not be recoverable. When calculating value in use, management estimates the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and chooses the appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED**

**Statement of compliance**

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Egyptian accounting standards and applicable laws and regulations. On March 3, 2024, the Prime Minister issued Decision No. 636 of 2024, amending provisions of the Egyptian accounting standards, as indicated in Note (35). On March 6, 2024, the Central Bank issued a decision to allow the Egyptian pound exchange rate to be determined according to market mechanisms. The Central Bank also decided to raise interest rates by 600 basis points (equivalent to 6%) to reach levels 27.25%. On October 23, 2024, the Prime Minister issued Decision No. 3527 of 2024, amending some provisions of the Egyptian accounting standards by adding Egyptian Accounting Standard No. 51 for Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Economies. These amendments have no impact on the financial statements as of December 31, 2024.

**3-1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies applied in this period are consistent with those applied in the previous period.

**3-1-1 Financial instruments**

Egyptian Accounting Standard 47 "Financial Instruments" which replaced Egyptian Accounting Standard 26 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Egyptian Accounting Standard 47 was issued in 2019 and the standard began to be applied on or after 1 January 2021 in Egypt Except for coverage accounting, it must be applied retroactively but adjusting the comparative information is not mandatory.

The standard deals with three aspects of accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement impairment, and coverage accounting.

**Classification and measurement**

According to Egyptian Accounting Standard 47, debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profits, losses, amortized cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income. The classification is based on two classification criteria: the company's business model for asset management; and whether the contractual cash flows of the instruments represent "principal and interest payments only" on the outstanding principal amount.

The Company's business model was evaluated as of the date of initial application and assessed whether the contractual cash flows of debt instruments consisted only of principal amount and interest based on the facts and circumstances at the initial recognition of the assets.

**Impairment**

The new impairment model in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standard 47 requires the recognition of impairment provisions based on expected credit losses rather than only credit losses incurred as in Egyptian Accounting Standard 26. Applicable to financial assets classified at amortized cost and debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, Egyptian Accounting Standard 48 contract assets "Revenue from contracts with customers", rental receipts, loan commitments and certain financial guarantee contracts.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-1-1 Financial instruments (continued)**

**Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial obligation or proprietary instrument of another entity.

**A) Financial assets**

Financial assets, at initial recognition, as measured later, are classified by depreciated cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss. The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is based on the characteristics of the contractual cash flow of the financial asset and the company's business model for its management. For a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value by other comprehensive income, it must result in cash flows that are "principal and interest payments only" on the outstanding principal amount.

This test is referred to as the "principal and interest payments only" test and is performed at the instrument level.

Financial assets that do not pass the "principal and interest payments only" test are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, regardless of business model. A company's business model for financial asset management refers to how it manages its financial assets to generate cash flows.

The business model determines whether cash flows will result from the collection of contractual cash flows, the sale of financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at depreciated cost are held within the business model for the purpose of holding financial assets for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within the business model for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows and selling.

**Impairment of financial assets**

The Company recognizes the provision for expected credit losses for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. Expected credit losses are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due under the contract and all cash flows expected by the Company, discounted at a rate close to the original effective interest rate. The provision for expected credit losses is recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, expected credit losses for credit losses are measured by the value of credit losses resulting from potential defaults over the next 12 months (expected credit losses 12-month). For credit exposures for which credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition, expected credit losses are measured over the remaining life of exposure, regardless of the timing of default (expected credit losses over a lifetime).

When determining whether the credit risk of the financial asset has increased materially since the initial recognition and when estimating the expected credit losses, the Company shall consider reasonable, supportive, and available information at no cost or excessive effort, including quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's experience, enhanced credit ratings and future information.

The Company may also consider a financial asset in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before considering any credit enhancements held by the Company. The financial assets are excluded when there is no reasonable recovery expectation of expected cash flows. At the date of each report, the Company assesses whether financial assets recorded at amortized cost and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income have experienced credit impairment.

An asset is considered to have experienced an impairment when one or more events occur that have a negative impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset.

**B) Financial obligations**

All financial obligations are recognized primarily at fair value and in the case of loans, debts, and credit balances less the cost directly attributable to the transaction.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-1-2 Revenue from contracts with customers**

The new Egyptian Accounting Standard "Revenue from contracts with customers" No. 48 establishes a new five-step model, which will be applied to revenue arising from contracts with customers as follows:

**Step 1:** Define the contract(s) with the customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations. It outlines the bases and criteria that must be met for each contract.

**Step 2:** Identify the performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is an undertaking in the contract to transfer a good or service to the customer.

**Step 3:** Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration the company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

**Step 4:** Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations stipulated in the contract. For contracts that have more than one performance obligation,

The Group will allocate a transaction price to each performance obligation in the amount to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for meeting each performance obligation.

**Step 5:** Recognize revenue when the entity fulfills the performance obligation.

The company fulfills the performance obligation and recognizes revenue over a period, if one of the following conditions is met:

A. It does not create performance for the company and that the company has an enforceable right to a payment for the performance completed to date.

B. The performance of the company creates or improves the asset that the customer controls while the asset is being built and improved.

C. The customer receives the benefits provided by the performance of the facility and consumes them at the same time as the company performs.

For performance obligations, if any of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognized at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

If the company fulfills the performance obligation by providing the services that were promised, this leads to the creation of an asset based on a contract in exchange for the consideration gained from the performance. If the consideration received by the customer exceeds the amount of revenue that has been recognized, this may create a contract obligation.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, after considering the contractual terms of payment, and after excluding taxes and fees.

The Company reviews its revenue arrangements against specific criteria to ascertain whether it is acting as principal or agent.

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and that the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

**A. Providing of services**

Revenue from providing services is recognized when services are provided, and this is done based on contracts with customers.

**B. financing income**

Finance income is recognized using the effective commission rate, which represents the rate at which estimated future cash receipts are discounted over the expected life of the financial instrument or less, whichever is appropriate to the net book value of the financial asset.

**C. Dividends**

Revenue is recognized when the company's eligibility to receive it is recognized, which is usually done by the distribution decision issued by the general assemblies of the investee companies.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-1-3 Contracts leasing**

Egyptian Accounting Standard 49 replaces Egyptian Accounting Standard 20 "Accounting Rules and Standards Related to Financial Leasing Operations".

Egyptian Accounting Standard 49 now requires tenants to recognize lease obligations that reflect future rent, payments and "right of use asset" for almost all leases. There is an optional exemption for some short-term leases and leases for low-value assets.

When the contract arises, it is evaluated whether the contract is a lease contract or includes a lease contract. The contract is a lease contract or includes a lease if it transfers the right of control over the use of the specified asset for a period for a fee. A single recognition and measurement policy applies to all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of small-value assets.

Rent obligations are recognized for rent payments and "usufruct assets" which represent the right to use the assets subject to the lease contract.

**A) Right of Use Assets**

Right of use assets are recognized at the beginning of the lease (on the date on which the asset becomes available for use).

Right of use assets are measured at cost minus any combined depreciation or impairment losses and adjusted by any revaluation of lease liabilities. Usufruct Asset Cost includes the amount of recognized lease obligations plus any direct costs or down payments made on or before the contract date minus any rental incentives received. The depreciation of the right of use assets shall be made based on the fixed premium over the term of the lease contract or the estimated useful life of the assets in accordance with the depreciation policy applied in the establishment, whichever is less. If the ownership of the asset subject to the contract devolves to the lessee at the end of the contract or the cost reflects the right of the lessee to exercise the purchase option at the end of the contract, the original usufruct right shall be depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset in accordance with the depreciation policy applied in the establishment.

right of use assets are subject to an impairment policy.

**B) lease obligations**

The "lease obligation" at the beginning of the lease is recognized by calculating the present value of the unpaid lease payments on that date using the interest rate implied in the lease if determined. If it cannot be easily determined, the interest rate on the additional borrowing of the tenant is used.

Lease payments on the date of commencement of the lease included in the measurement of the lease obligation shall consist of the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the term of the lease that have not been paid on the lease commencement date and include:

Fixed payments less any receivable rental incentives.

Variable lease payments based on an index or rate and are initially measured using the index or rate on the lease start date.

Amounts expected to be paid by the lessee under residual value guarantees.

The price of exercising the call option if the lessee is sure that the option is reasonably exercised.

Penalty payments for termination of the lease if the duration of the lease reflects the tenant's exercise of the option to terminate the lease.

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**3-2-1 Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated using the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. All differences are recognized in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-1 Foreign currency translation (continued)**

Nonmonetary items that are measured at historical cost in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the initial recognition. Nonmonetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined.

**3-2-2 Goodwill**

At the date of acquisition, the company recognizes the acquired goodwill in business combination as an asset. Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the combination of businesses over the company's interest in the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognized. After initial recognition, the company measures the goodwill resulting from business combination at cost less impairment loss. Goodwill is not amortized, instead the company tests the impairment of goodwill annually or periodically if the events or change in circumstances indicates that there is impairment in goodwill.

**3-2-3 Fixed assets**

**Initial recognition**

The cost of any fixed asset item is recognized as an asset only when:

- A- Metabolic economic benefits are likely to flow from this item.
- B - The cost of the item can be measured reliably.

**Subsequent measurement**

The entity must choose either the cost model or the revaluation model as the accounting policy, and that policy must be applied to each class of fixed assets in its entirety.

**Cost Model**

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the fixed assets when that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met. Likewise, when a major improvement is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the fixed assets as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, and is computed using the straight-line method according to the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

|                                | <b>Periods</b>        | <b>Production units</b> |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Buildings                      | 40                    |                         |
| Vehicles and transportation    | 4-7                   |                         |
| Communication centers          | 4-5                   |                         |
| Furniture and office equipment | 5-10                  |                         |
| Leasehold improvements         | 5-8 or lease duration |                         |
| Computers                      | 2-3                   |                         |
| Fixtures and fitting           | 10-30                 |                         |
| Productive assets              | -                     | 400.000 Ton             |

Fixed assets are derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from derecognizing the asset is included in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

**Post-acquisition costs**

The cost of substantial renovations is recognized on the cost of fixed assets by the cost of replacing a component of that item when it is likely to bring future economic benefits to the company with the possibility of reliably measuring the cost and depreciating over the remaining useful life of the asset or the expected useful life of such renovations, whichever is less, and other costs are recognized in the statement of profits or losses as expenses when incurred. The residual values of assets, their useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at the end of each fiscal Year.

The company regularly assesses, at the date of each financial statement, whether there is an indication that a fixed asset may be impaired.



**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-3 Fixed assets (continued)**

When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior Year s. Such a reversal is recognized in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss.

**3-2-4 Intangible assets**

**Initial recognition**

Intangible assets acquired individually are initially recognized at cost if it is probable that future economic benefits that can be attributed to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of that asset can be measured reliably.

**Subsequent measurement**

The entity must choose either the cost model or the revaluation model as its accounting policy.

**The Cost Model**

After the initial recognition the intangible asset is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and the shelf life of intangible assets is determined as finite or indefinite.

For impairment when there is an indication of the impairment of the asset and the depreciation Year and the depreciation method for the intangible asset with a specific age are reviewed at the end of each fiscal Year .

**3-2-5 Projects under construction**

Assets under construction represent the amounts that are incurred for the purpose of constructing or purchasing fixed assets until it is ready to be used in the operation, upon which it is transferred to fixed assets. Assets under construction are valued at cost less impairment.

**3-2-6 Investments**

**Investing in a subsidiary**

Investments in a subsidiary are investments in companies in which the company has control. Control is assumed when the holding company owns, directly or indirectly, through its subsidiaries, more than half of the voting rights in the investee company, except for those exceptional cases in which it is clearly shown that such ownership does not represent control.

The investment in a subsidiary company is accounted for at cost, including the cost of acquisition, and in the event of impairment in the value of those investments, the book value is adjusted by The value of this impairment and included in the Consolidated statement of profits or losses for each investment separately.

Dividends on investments in the subsidiary are recognized as part of the company's profit or loss statement when it is entitled to receive dividends.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026  
3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-6 Investments (continued)**

**Investment in associates**

Investments in associate companies are investments in companies in which the company has significant influence but it is not a subsidiary nor is it a share in a joint venture. Significant influence is presumed when the company owns directly or indirectly through its subsidiaries a percentage of 20% or more of the voting rights in the investee company except in cases where it appears clearly that such ownership does not represent significant influence. Investments in associate companies are accounted for in the financial statements at cost including the cost of acquisition in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (18) The share of long-term investments in the profits that is decided to be distributed from the profits of the investee companies is included in the income statement as investment income.

**Investments at fair value through profit or loss.**

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are classified either as assets held for trading purposes that were acquired for the purpose of selling in a short period of time, or financial assets that were classified upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Upon initial recognition, investments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value including direct related expenses.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in the financial position at fair value, and their gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Gains or losses on the sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

**Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income**

Investments through comprehensive income are non-derivative financial assets that have been classified as assets available for sale, unclassified as loans and debts or as investments held to maturity or as investments at fair value through profit or loss.

Upon initial recognition, available-for-sale investments are measured at fair value including expenses directly related to them.

After the initial measurement, the investments available for sale are measured at fair value with the recognition of unrealized gains or losses directly within equity until the financial asset is excluded from the books, at which point the accumulated gains or losses recorded in equity are recognized in the statement of profits or losses, or if it is determined that the asset has decayed, in which case the accumulated losses recorded in equity are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. If the fair value of investments in equity instruments cannot be measured in a reliable manner, the value of those investments is measured at cost.

Equity investments: in the event of evidence of impairment, Accumulated losses are excluded from equity and derecognized in the statement of profits or losses. Impairment losses on equity investments cannot be recovered through the statement of profit or loss, and the increase in fair value immediately after impairment is recognized within equity.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026  
3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-7 Fair value measurement**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, if market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset considers a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For assets traded in an active market, fair value is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices.

The fair value of interest-bearing items is estimated based on discounted cash flows using interest rates for items with similar terms and risk characteristics.

For unquoted assets, fair value is determined by reference to the market value of a similar asset or is based on the expected discounted cash flows.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Interim consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole: .

- Level 1 – Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in an active market (that are unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 – Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).
- Level 3 – Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the Interim consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

To fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities based on their nature and characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the values of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the financial Year s. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**3-2-8 Recognition and disposal of financial assets and liabilities**

**Recognition:**

The group first recognizes financial assets and liabilities at fair value on the date the transaction originated and the rest of the financial assets and liabilities are first recognized when the group becomes a party to the contract.

**Disposal:**

- The group will dispose the financial assets from the books after the contractual right ends the cash flows this asset, or transfer the contractual rights to collect cash flow from this asset, including transfer the risk and the benefits that are related the owning this asset significantly in case the development or the group keep the right of any financial assets without transfer. They recognized the right as an asset or an independent liability.
- The group will dispose financial liability in the book in case exemption, elimination, or end the contract liability that is related to it.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-8 Recognition and disposal of financial assets and liabilities (continued)**

- When the company is keeping the contractual right to receive cash flow from financial asset (The original financial asset). But, the company uses this contractual right to paid this cash flow to another party or to other parties (the final receiver), so the source is treated this transaction to transfer it to financial asset if it is follow three conditions are met:

A) The company shouldn't obligate to paid amount to the final receiver if the amount doesn't collect from the owner of the financial assets that isn't equally the amount of the obligation. The short loan that the company is paid with right to refund the amount with the interest. It isn't considered contrary to theses condition.

B) According to contract, the company not allowed to Paid sales or mortgage the financial asset, But It allowed if it put as guaranty to the final receiver to pay the cash flows.

C) The company is committed to transfer the amount that is collected on behalf of the final receiver without any significant delay. In addition, the company has no right to reinvest this cash flow except the cash investment during short settlement from the date of collection to the date of last paid to the final receiver. Also, the source must transfer the interest from this investment to the final receiver.

**3-2-9 Inventory**

Inventory items are evaluated as follows:

A- Raw materials spare parts and supplies: on the basis of cost (using a moving average) or net realizable value whichever is less.

B- Finished production: on the basis of production cost (according to cost lists) or net realizable value whichever is lower.

Cost includes direct materials direct labor and a share of manufacturing indirect costs excluding borrowing costs.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

The write down of inventory is recognized to net value Sales and all inventory losses are included in the cost of sales in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the Period in which the decrease or loss occurred.

The reversal of write down of inventory resulting from the increase in the net realizable value is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as a reduction from the cost of sales in the Period in which this reversal occurred.

**3-2-10 Accounts and notes receivables, prepaid expenses, and other debit balances**

Customers, receivables, prepaid expenses, and other debit balances are recognized at the original value of the invoice less impairment losses. The Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (47) "Financial Instruments", which requires the recognition of expected credit losses on the reconstruction of debt to clients from the first recognition of the clients in the statement of profits or losses.

**3-2-11 Assets held for sale**

Assets (or disposals groups that include assets and liabilities) that are expected to be recovered initially by sale rather than by continuing use are classified as held-for-sale. The assets (or components of the disposal group) are remeasured immediately before they are classified as held for sale in accordance with the groups accounting policies. Thereafter the assets (or disposals group) are generally measured according to their book value or fair value less cost to sell whichever is lower.

Impairment losses recognized at the initial classification of non-current assets as held for sale, as well as subsequent gains or losses arising from remeasurement, are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. However, any subsequent gains shall not exceed the cumulative impairment losses previously recognized. Upon classification of assets as held for sale, the Company ceases to depreciate property, plant and equipment and to amortize intangible assets. The Company also discontinues the application of the equity method in accounting for investments in associates.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-12 Treasury bills**

In accordance with the requirements of Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (47) "Financial Instruments", treasury bills have been classified on the basis of measuring - later - by depreciated cost through profits or losses, and treasury bills purchased are valued at nominal value and the difference between the purchase cost and the nominal value is recognized in calculating an investment return in deferred treasury bills and is depreciated by the value of the returns of treasury bills due for the financial Year through profits or losses until the maturity date of treasury bills and the tax due is proved. On the returns of treasury bills. When collecting the yield of treasury bills, the tax deducted is recognized in the statement of financial position until it is settled with the annual tax return.

**3-2-13 Treasury Shares**

Treasury shares (company shares) are listed at the cost of their acquisition and the cost of treasury shares appears deducted from the equity in the financial center, and profits or losses resulting from the disposal of treasury shares are recognized within the equity in the financial center, and according to the text of Article 48 of Law 159 of 1998, the company should dispose of these shares to others within a maximum period of one Period from the date of acquisition, otherwise the company is obligated to reduce its capital by the nominal value of those shares.

**3-2-14 Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation because of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at the consolidated financial position date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision should be the present value of the expected expenditures required to settle the obligation.

Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance expense in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss.

**3-2-15 Social insurance**

The Company makes contributions to the Social Insurance Authority calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries. The Company's obligations are limited to these contributions, which are expensed when due.

**3-2-16 Legal reserve**

According to the Company's articles of association, 5% of the net profits for the Year is transferred to the legal reserve until this reserve reaches 50% of the issued capital. The reserve is used upon a decision from the general assembly meeting based on the proposal of the board of directors.

**3-2-17 Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognized at the value of the consideration received. Amounts maturing within one Year are classified as current liabilities, unless the Company has the right to postpone the settlement for a Year exceeding one Year after the Consolidated financial statements date, then the loan balance should be classified as non-current liabilities.

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in finance expenses in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-18 Income taxes**

Income tax is calculated in accordance with the Egyptian tax law.

**Current income tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority.

**Deferred income tax**

Deferred income tax is recognized using the liability method on temporary differences between the amount attributed to an asset or liability for tax purposes (tax base) and its carrying amount in the balance sheet (accounting base) using the applicable tax rate.

Deferred tax assets are recognized when it is probable that the asset can be utilized to reduce future taxable profits and the asset is reduced by the portion that will not create future benefit.

Current and deferred tax shall be recognized as income or an expense and included in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss for the period, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or an event which is recognized, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

**3-2-19 Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue.

can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, and value added taxes or duty.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

• **Sale of goods**

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods and an invoice is issued.

• **Interest income**

Interest income is recognized as interest accrues using the effective interest "EIR" method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

**3-2-20 Expenses**

All expenses including cost of sales, selling and marketing expenses, general and administrative expenses and other expenses are recognized and charged to the Consolidated statement of profit or loss for the six months ended 31 December 2023, in which these expenses were incurred.

**3-2-21 Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset that necessarily takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are incurred in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

**3-2-22 Related party transactions**

Related parties represent associated companies, major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled, or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the board of directors.

**3-2-23 Contingent Liabilities and Assets**

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in consolidated financial statements. They are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-24 Impairment**

**Impairment of financial assets**

At the date of each separate financial statement, the Company determines whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets has diminished. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to have diminished if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment resulting from one or more events after the initial recognition of the asset and affecting the estimated cash flows of a financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

At the date of each Consolidated financial statements, the Company determines whether there is an indication that an asset has decayed. When the carrying amount of an asset or unit generating cash exceeds its redemption value, the asset is deemed to have diminished and is therefore reduced to its redemption value. The impairment loss is recognized by the consolidated statement of independent profits or losses.

The impairment loss that was previously recognized shall be reimbursed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the redemption value of an asset since the last impairment loss has been recognized, and the reimbursement of impairment loss shall be limited to no more than the carrying amount of the asset, its redemption value or the carrying amount that would have been determined unless the impairment loss is recognized for the asset in prior periods. The refund for impairment loss is recognized in the statement of Consolidated profits or losses.

**Impairment of financial investments measured at fair value through comprehensive income**

Available-for-sale investments are considered to be impaired if there is objective evidence that the cost of the asset cannot be recovered. In addition to objective evidence, the company uses qualitative evidence to determine impairment, and this evidence includes a significant or persistent decline in fair value below cost. In the event of impairment, the accumulated losses are excluded from equity and re-recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Losses on decline in the value of equity investments cannot be recovered through the statement of profit and loss, and the increase in fair value after impairment is recognized directly in equity.

**3-2-25 Pension system for employees**

The company operating in the Arab Republic of Egypt contributes to the social insurance system for the benefit of its employees in accordance with the Social Insurance Law No. 148 of 2019 and its amendments and the company's contribution is charged to the list of profits or losses according to the accrual basis and according to this system the company's commitment is limited to the value of that contribution.

Subsidiaries operating outside the Arab Republic of Egypt follow the social insurance system applied in those countries.

**3-2-26 Statement of cash flows**

The statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

**3-2-27 Cash and cash equivalent**

For preparing the Consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash and cash equivalent comprise cash on hand, current accounts with banks and time deposits maturing within the period after deducting bank credit balances.

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

**3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED (CONTINUED)**

**3-2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**3-2-28 The inclusive health insurance**

On January 11, 2018, Law No. 2 of 2018 promulgating the Comprehensive Health Insurance System Law was issued and shall come into force from the day following the expiration of six months from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette. This law has imposed financial burdens on employers, as it stipulates that one of the funding sources for the General Authority for Comprehensive Health Insurance is the employers' obligation to pay their share of contributions for their employees at a rate of 4% of the insured employee's wage, with a minimum of 50 EGP per month. Employers are also obligated to pay the due contributions monthly to the National Organization for Social Insurance. Employers are obliged to pay their monthly dues to the National Organization for Social Insurance. Business owners are also obligated to pay a Takaful contribution at the rate of (0.0025) two and a half per thousand of the total annual revenues of individual establishments and companies, whatever their nature or the legal system to which they are subject, and this contribution is not considered one of the costs deductible in the application of the provisions of the Income Tax Law, and the Ministry of Finance shall collect this Takaful contribution in accordance with the financial report of the establishment submitted to the Tax Authority.



# RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 Mar 2026

### 4 FIXED ASSETS

|                                              | Land        | Buildings     | Furniture and office equipment | Vehicles      | Leasehold improvements | Switches     | Computers     | Fixtures      | Productive assets | Total           |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|
|                                              | EGP         | EGP           | EGP                            | EGP           | EGP                    | EGP          | EGP           | EGP           | EGP               | EGP             |
| <b>Cost</b>                                  |             |               |                                |               |                        |              |               |               |                   |                 |
| 1 January 2025                               | 239,876,085 | 1,328,277,547 | 746,825,605                    | 518,158,997   | 1,372,126,100          | 109,182,386  | 534,598,505   | 487,400,837   | 648,636,978       | 5,985,083,040   |
| Additions during the Period                  | -           | 7,322,189     | 15,533,426                     | 8,486,135     | 23,590,873             | 177,955      | 19,906,034    | 47,756,478    | 6,717,761         | 129,490,851     |
| Transferred from project under constructions | -           | -             | 85,480                         | -             | -                      | -            | -             | -             | -                 | 85,480          |
| Translation differences**                    | -           | -             | 4,753,361                      | 1,326,362     | 11,669,397             | 3,132,519    | 11,138,682    | 158,520       | -                 | 32,178,841      |
| 31 Mar 2026                                  | 239,876,085 | 1,335,599,736 | 767,197,872                    | 527,971,494   | 1,407,386,370          | 112,492,860  | 565,643,221   | 535,315,835   | 655,354,739       | 6,146,838,212   |
| <b>Accumulated depreciation</b>              |             |               |                                |               |                        |              |               |               |                   |                 |
| 1 January 2025                               | -           | (202,196,034) | (452,303,233)                  | (368,998,095) | (803,223,292)          | (95,229,288) | (357,955,607) | (217,187,051) | (204,937,301)     | (2,702,029,901) |
| Depreciation for the Period                  | -           | (7,647,690)   | (25,330,027)                   | (15,909,204)  | (48,179,282)           | (999,322)    | (19,761,481)  | (19,416,238)  | (13,901,784)      | (151,145,028)   |
| Translation differences                      | -           | -             | (4,662,510)                    | (704,073)     | (11,515,236)           | (2,907,990)  | (10,341,565)  | (230,190)     | -                 | (30,361,564)    |
| 31 Mar 2026                                  | -           | (209,843,724) | (482,295,770)                  | (385,611,372) | (862,917,810)          | (99,136,600) | (388,058,653) | (236,833,479) | (218,839,085)     | (2,883,536,493) |
| <b>Net book value as of 31 Mar 2026</b>      | 239,876,085 | 1,125,756,012 | 284,902,102                    | 142,360,122   | 544,468,560            | 13,356,260   | 177,584,568   | 298,482,356   | 436,515,654       | 3,263,301,719   |
| Impairment of Raya Algeria Company's assets  | -           | -             | (21,829)                       | -             | (98,470)               | -            | (20,322)      | -             | -                 | (140,621)       |
| 31 Mar 2026                                  | 239,876,085 | 1,125,756,012 | 284,880,273                    | 142,360,122   | 544,370,090            | 13,356,260   | 177,564,246   | 298,482,356   | 436,515,654       | 3,263,161,098   |

- There is a mortgage on the land located in 6<sup>th</sup> of October city on which the administrative building of Raya group is held

- There is a mortgage on a store owned by Raya Distribution Company due to the loan granted to the company.

- There is no fixed asset not in use temporarily or permanently.

- \*\* Currency evaluation differences arise from translating fixed assets of subsidiaries outside Egypt.

- The depreciation of fixed assets is allocated as follows:

|                                     | 31 Mar 2026   |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
|                                     | EGP           |
| Cost of revenues (Note 25)          | (62,013,337)  |
| General and administrative expenses | (19,119,365)  |
| Selling and marketing expenses      | (70,012,325)  |
|                                     | (151,145,027) |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 Mar 2026

4 FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

|                                              | Land         | Buildings     | Furniture and office equipment | Vehicles      | Leasehold improvements | Switches     | Computers     | Fixtures      | Productive assets | Total           |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|
|                                              | EGP          | EGP           | EGP                            | EGP           | EGP                    | EGP          | EGP           | EGP           | EGP               | EGP             |
| <b>Cost</b>                                  |              |               |                                |               |                        |              |               |               |                   |                 |
| 1 January 2025                               | 146,505,934  | 943,682,629   | 590,491,760                    | 461,173,682   | 1,122,266,657          | 96,125,585   | 402,672,367   | 321,032,732   | 570,313,655       | 4,654,265,001   |
| Additions during the Period                  | 114,584,051  | 420,035,068   | 130,795,430                    | 59,267,285    | 251,879,458            | 13,807,897   | 138,736,806   | 221,468,548   | 78,283,063        | 1,428,857,606   |
| Transferred from project under constructions | -            | 168,448,115   | 29,630,540                     | -             | 3,600,959              | -            | -             | 4,144,450     | 40,260            | 205,864,324     |
| Disposal during the Period                   | (21,213,900) | (203,888,265) | (2,613,482)                    | (3,608,332)   | (1,096,493)            | (267,819)    | (2,738,020)   | (59,403,413)  | -                 | (294,829,724)   |
| Translation differences**                    | -            | -             | (1,478,643)                    | 1,326,362     | (4,524,481)            | (483,277)    | (4,072,648)   | 158,520       | -                 | (9,074,167)     |
| 31 Dec 2025                                  | 239,876,085  | 1,328,277,547 | 746,825,605                    | 518,158,997   | 1,372,126,100          | 109,182,386  | 534,598,505   | 487,400,837   | 648,636,978       | 5,985,083,040   |
| <b>Accumulated depreciation</b>              |              |               |                                |               |                        |              |               |               |                   |                 |
| 1 January 2025                               | -            | (176,428,351) | (367,762,356)                  | (318,483,288) | (597,324,813)          | (92,380,681) | (297,283,776) | (218,443,716) | (156,086,630)     | (2,224,193,611) |
| Depreciation for the Period                  | -            | (26,192,683)  | (88,407,951)                   | (51,456,423)  | (209,594,914)          | (3,552,294)  | (67,091,416)  | (57,916,558)  | (48,850,671)      | (553,062,910)   |
| Depreciation of disposal                     | -            | 425,000       | 2,574,323                      | 1,645,689     | 552,493                | 267,819      | 2,711,634     | 59,403,413    | -                 | 67,580,371      |
| Translation differences                      | -            | -             | 1,292,751                      | (704,073)     | 3,143,942              | 435,868      | 3,707,951     | (230,190)     | -                 | 7,646,249       |
| 31 Dec 2025                                  | -            | (202,196,034) | (452,303,233)                  | (368,998,095) | (803,223,292)          | (95,229,288) | (357,955,607) | (217,187,051) | (204,937,301)     | (2,702,029,901) |
| Net book value as of 31 Dec 2025             | -            | 1,126,081,513 | 294,522,372                    | 149,160,902   | 568,902,808            | 13,953,098   | 176,642,898   | 270,213,786   | 443,699,677       | 3,283,053,139   |
| Impairment of Raya Algeria Company's assets  | -            | -             | (21,829)                       | -             | (98,470)               | -            | (20,322)      | -             | -                 | (140,621)       |
| 31 Dec 2025                                  | 239,876,085  | 1,126,081,513 | 294,500,543                    | 149,160,902   | 568,804,338            | 13,953,098   | 176,622,576   | 270,213,786   | 443,699,677       | 3,282,912,518   |

- There is a mortgage on the land located in 6<sup>th</sup> of October city on which the administrative building of Raya group is held.
- There is a mortgage on a store owned by Raya Distribution Company due to the loan granted to the company.
- There is no fixed asset not in use temporarily or permanently.
- Currency translation differences refer to the adjustment of the value of fixed assets held by subsidiaries outside of Egypt.

The depreciation of fixed assets is allocated as follows:

|                                     | 31 December 2025 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Cost of revenues                    | EGP              |
| General and administrative expenses | (259,256,556)    |
| Selling and marketing expenses      | (68,745,957)     |
|                                     | (225,060,397)    |
|                                     | (553,062,911)    |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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5 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

|                                   | Land               | Buildings          | Leasehold improvements | Total              |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
|                                   | EGP                | EGP                | EGP                    | EGP                |
| 1 January 2025                    | 112,895,877        | 726,452,927        | 153,835,892            | 993,184,696        |
| Additions                         | -                  | -                  | -                      | -                  |
| 31 Mar 2026                       | 112,895,877        | 726,452,927        | 153,835,892            | 993,184,696        |
| <b>Accumulated depreciation</b>   |                    |                    |                        |                    |
| 1 January 2025                    | -                  | (248,201,353)      | (41,246,792)           | (289,448,145)      |
| Depreciation of the Period        | -                  | (7,846,153)        | (5,399,822)            | (13,245,975)       |
| 31 Mar 2026                       | -                  | (256,047,506)      | (46,646,614)           | (302,694,120)      |
| <b>Net book value 31 Mar 2026</b> | <b>112,895,877</b> | <b>470,405,421</b> | <b>107,189,278</b>     | <b>690,490,576</b> |
| Net book value 31 December 2025   | 112,895,877        | 478,251,574        | 112,589,100            | 703,736,551        |

6 PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

|                                                           | 31 Mar 2026        | 31 Dec 2025        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                                           | EGP                | EGP                |
| Projects under construction – Fixed assets (6-1)          | 215,640,236        | 208,317,430        |
| Projects under construction – Investment properties (6-2) | 84,485,005         | 40,218,514         |
|                                                           | <b>300,125,241</b> | <b>248,535,944</b> |

6-1 PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION FIXED ASSETS

|                                           | 31 Mar 2026        | 31 Dec 2025        |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                           | EGP                | EGP                |
| Beginning balance of the Period           | 208,317,430        | 260,735,556        |
| Additions during the Period               | 7,408,286          | 153,446,198        |
| Transferred to fixed assets during Period | (85,480)           | (205,864,324)      |
| Ending balance for the Period             | <b>215,640,236</b> | <b>208,317,430</b> |

Projects under construction balance for the parent company and its subsidiaries as follows:

|                                       | 31 Mar 2026        | 31 Dec 2025        |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                       | EGP                | EGP                |
| Raya Restaurants Company (A)          | 190,236            | -                  |
| Raya Electronics Company              | 199,454            | 284,934            |
| Aman for Electronic Payments          | 798,000            | -                  |
| Raya Electric Haier                   | 11,993,098         | 11,642,331         |
| Raya Integration (B)                  | 107,045,728        | 106,151,430        |
| Raya Holding                          | 95,305,312         | 90,238,735         |
| Ostool for Land Transport Company (C) | 108,408            | -                  |
|                                       | <b>215,640,236</b> | <b>208,317,430</b> |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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**6- PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION (CONTINUED):**

**6-1 PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED):**

- A- The project under construction balance for Raya restaurants represents the cost of preparation of the restaurants.
- B- The balance of projects under construction for Raya Integration Company is the construction of an administrative building for the company.
- C- The balance of projects under construction for Raya Holding Company

**6-2 PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

|                                 | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Beginning balance of the Period | 40,218,514         | 12,479,117         |
| Additions during the Period     | 44,266,491         | 27,739,397         |
| Ending balance for the Period   | <u>84,485,005</u>  | <u>40,218,514</u>  |

|                         | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Raya For Smart Building | 84,485,005         | 40,218,514         |
|                         | <u>84,485,005</u>  | <u>40,218,514</u>  |

- The balance of projects under construction for Raya smart building is represented in the value of the payment under the account of the improvements of an administrative building in the central hub on 6<sup>th</sup> October city.

**7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

|                                 | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP   | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP   |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                     |                      |                      |
| Beginning balance of the Period | 210,299,955          | 159,681,928          |
| Additions during the Period     | 7,366,542            | 51,619,273           |
| Disposals                       | (125,676)            | (1,001,246)          |
| Ending balance for the Period   | <u>217,540,821</u>   | <u>210,299,955</u>   |
| <b>Accumulated amortization</b> |                      |                      |
| Beginning balance of the Period | (122,064,093)        | (97,748,285)         |
| Amortization for the Period     | (7,686,751)          | (25,317,054)         |
| Depreciation of disposals       | 125,676              | 1,001,246            |
| Ending balance for the Period   | <u>(129,625,168)</u> | <u>(122,064,093)</u> |
| <b>Net book value</b>           | <u>87,915,653</u>    | <u>88,235,862</u>    |

- The Period amortization is charged to general and administrative expenses by EGP 555,269 and marketing expense EGP 4,087,165 the cost of revenues by EGP 3,044,317.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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**8 RIGHT OF USE ASSETS**

|                                           | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                               |                    |                    |
| Beginning balance of the Period           | 2,314,305,279      | 1,967,638,049      |
| Additions during the Period               | 95,207,644         | 361,594,688        |
| Adjustments during the Period (disposals) | (7,724,372)        | (14,927,458)       |
| Ending balance for the Period             | 2,401,788,551      | 2,314,305,279      |
| <b>Accumulated depreciation</b>           |                    |                    |
| Beginning balance of the Period           | (1,096,905,005)    | (769,221,590)      |
| Amortization of the Period                | (104,899,376)      | (335,804,695)      |
| Adjustments during the Period (disposals) | 7,724,372          | 8,121,280          |
| Ending balance for the Period             | (1,194,080,009)    | (1,096,905,005)    |
| <b>Net book value</b>                     | 1,207,708,542      | 1,217,400,274      |

-The Period amortization is charged to marketing expense EGP 46,021,593 the cost of revenues by EGP 58,877,783

**9 GOODWILL**

|                                              | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Raya Integration Company                     | 6,019,341          | 6,019,341          |
| Raya Contact Centers Company                 | 3,160,166          | 3,160,166          |
| Raya Electronics Company (Previously Sama)   | 33,236,748         | 33,236,748         |
| Raya Call Centre Company - C3                | 26,582,777         | 26,582,777         |
| Raya Technology Company Ltd.                 | 1,926,942          | 1,926,942          |
| Al Byoot Al Arabia for Finance Lease Company | 2,626,725          | 2,626,725          |
| International Business System Company – IBSE | 32,139,604         | 32,139,604         |
| Ostool for Land Transport Company**          | 893,048            | 893,048            |
| Raya foods                                   | 23,127,622         | 23,127,622         |
| International communication company          | 128,174,496        | 128,174,496        |
| Gulf customer experience                     | 115,451,911        | 115,451,911        |
| Total                                        | 373,339,380        | 373,339,380        |
| Impairment of goodwill*                      | (109,997,689)      | (109,997,689)      |
| Total                                        | 263,341,691        | 263,341,691        |

**\*Goodwill Impairment Test**

The company tests the impairment of goodwill annually on 31 December to ensure that the fair value can be recovered but if there are impairment indicators require tests the company will do it within the Period.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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10 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

|                                   | Ownership percentage | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Allied Arab Company for Insurance | 20%                  | 5,771,499          | 4,717,536          |
| Makarony Polskie                  | %29.48               | 441,514,636        | 388,339,106        |
|                                   |                      | <u>447,286,135</u> | <u>393,056,642</u> |

The company accounting for investment using the equity method:

|                                   | Cost              | Retained Earnings  | Increase in capital | Dividends           | Profit for the Period | Balance            |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
|                                   | EGP               | EGP                | EGP                 | EGP                 | EGP                   | EGP                |
| Allied Arab Company for Insurance | 642,000           | 4,075,536          | -                   | -                   | 1,053,963             | 5,771,499          |
| Makarony Polskie                  | 37,607,595        | 343,456,675        | 41,355,746          | (34,080,911)        | 53,175,531            | 441,514,636        |
|                                   | <u>38,249,595</u> | <u>347,532,211</u> | <u>41,355,746</u>   | <u>(34,080,911)</u> | <u>54,229,494</u>     | <u>447,286,135</u> |

Below is a summary of the company's shares in associate Companies' assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and net profit for the Period: (value in thousands):

| Company Name                      | Share % | Long term assets | Current assets | Current liabilities | Long term liabilities | Paid up capital and equity | Revenues  | Expenses    |
|-----------------------------------|---------|------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Allied Arab Company for Insurance | 20%     | 283              | 26,873         | (5,156)             | -                     | (22,000)                   | 26,125    | (20,855)    |
| Makarony Polskie                  | 29.48%  | 1,564,816        | 1,705,324      | (573,130)           | (315,916)             | (2,381,094)                | 2,936,446 | (2,756,068) |

11 INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPERHENSIVE INCOME

|                                                     | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Unquoted shares or inactive shares at stock market* | 14,314,250         | 14,314,250         |
| Quoted shares at stock market**                     | 16,373,364         | 15,665,101         |
|                                                     | <u>30,687,614</u>  | <u>29,979,351</u>  |

\* Investments are restricted at share cost, and the company is in the process of measuring them according to their fair value.

\*\* Impairment in the value of investments in the statement of profit or loss, including impairment in value was recognized in the statement of comprehensive income and the difference in valuation is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income during the Period, and the movement is as follows:

|                                                      | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Fair value of investment                             | 15,665,101         | 9,374,063          |
| Revaluation of investment reserved during the Period | 708,263            | 6,291,038          |
| Fair value of investment                             | <u>16,373,364</u>  | <u>15,665,101</u>  |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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12 INVENTORY

|                                                           | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                                           | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Mobile phones, accessories, spare parts and television    | 2,908,382,218        | 3,054,670,143        |
| Supplies, switches spare parts and networks               | 561,411,675          | 742,302,276          |
| Raw materials, work in progress and finished goods        | 911,659,965          | 884,496,522          |
| Raya Algeria - Mobile phones, and accessories spare parts | 53,875,658           | 53,875,658           |
| Canned foods                                              | 133,650,141          | 159,070,684          |
| Food and restaurants accessories                          | 17,586,650           | 17,647,333           |
| Frozen Foods                                              | 1,524,445,040        | 1,315,746,728        |
| Electronic payment machines                               | 67,209,746           | 51,379,848           |
| Raw Coal                                                  | 47,605,268           | 41,508,717           |
| Others                                                    | 4,640,114            | 4,378,372            |
|                                                           | <u>6,230,466,475</u> | <u>6,325,076,281</u> |
| Write-down of inventory                                   | (112,841,297)        | (122,410,259)        |
| Write-down of Raya Algeria Company's inventory            | (53,875,658)         | (53,875,658)         |
|                                                           | <u>6,063,749,520</u> | <u>6,148,790,364</u> |

Net value of inventory appears after the decline in value by write down provision movement in inventory write down is as follows:

|                                                          | 31 Mar 2026        | 31 Dec 2025        |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                                          | EGP                | EGP                |
| Beginning balance of the Period/ Year                    | 122,410,259        | 114,578,563        |
| Charged during the Period/ Year                          | 9,193,005          | 35,196,018         |
| Reversal of Inventory write-down during the Period/ Year | (18,761,967)       | (27,364,322)       |
| Ending balance for the Period/ Year                      | <u>112,841,297</u> | <u>122,410,259</u> |

- The amount of Inventory write-down and reversal are recorded in the cost of revenues.

13 ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

|                                                        | 31 Mar 2026           | 31 Dec 2025           |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                        | EGP                   | EGP                   |
| Accounts receivable                                    | 10,738,415,644        | 8,701,403,809         |
| Instalments receivables                                | 13,452,994,969        | 11,964,041,295        |
| Notes receivable                                       | 1,072,899,605         | 1,468,632,025         |
|                                                        | <u>25,264,310,218</u> | <u>22,134,077,129</u> |
| Expected credit losses in value of accounts receivable | (744,461,726)         | (580,955,984)         |
|                                                        | <u>24,519,848,492</u> | <u>21,553,121,145</u> |

Balance of accounts and notes receivables presented in net value after deducting value of expected credit losses the movements of accounts receivable expected credit losses are represented as follows:

|                                       | 31 Mar 2026        | 31 Dec 2025        |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                       | EGP                | EGP                |
| Beginning balance of the Period/ Year | 580,955,984        | 586,984,457        |
| Charged during the Period/ Year       | 267,463,355        | 404,958,565        |
| Reversal during the Period/ Year      | 5,747,152          | (18,621,665)       |
| Used during the Period/ Year          | 98,210,461         | (392,365,373)      |
| Ending balance for the Period/ Year   | <u>744,461,726</u> | <u>580,955,984</u> |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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13-ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

At 31 Mar 2026 and 31 Dec 2025, the aging analysis of net accounts and notes receivables is as follows:

|                  | Total          | Neither Past Due<br>nor Impaired | Less than 30 days | Past due but not impaired<br>Between 30 to<br>60 days | Between 60 to<br>90 days | More than 90<br>days |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
|                  | EGP            | EGP                              | EGP               | EGP                                                   | EGP                      | EGP                  |
| 31 March 2026    | 10,738,415,644 | 2,877,532,449                    | 5,728,182,992     | 599,416,358                                           | 318,438,654              | 1,214,845,191        |
| 31 December 2025 | 8,701,403,809  | 2,624,931,117                    | 4,702,492,535     | 410,646,651                                           | 273,617,832              | 689,715,674          |

14 PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER DEBIT BALANCES

|                                                    | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP    | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP    |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Prepaid expenses                                   | 588,364,791           | 441,495,925           |
| Customs Authority                                  | 67,943,918            | 43,821,317            |
| Accrued revenues                                   | 3,940,924,441         | 4,156,408,150         |
| Deposits with others                               | 235,604,186           | 214,026,221           |
| Suppliers down payments                            | 3,803,530,561         | 3,115,622,130         |
| Value added tax                                    | 726,022,240           | 935,985,976           |
| Letters of guarantee margin                        | 272,404,276           | 289,321,313           |
| Employees receivables                              | 360,000               | 978,852               |
| Governmental authorities' receivables              | 332,626,133           | 304,300,155           |
| Amounts held by banks and securitization companies | 602,998,974           | 944,212,714           |
| Debit Balances-(Suppliers)                         | 620,717,819           | 147,914,563           |
| Sukuk Reserve                                      | 335,765,990           | 197,309,102           |
| Other debit balances                               | 764,970,349           | 225,986,658           |
|                                                    | <u>12,292,233,678</u> | <u>11,017,383,076</u> |
| Deduct: Expected credit losses                     | <u>(20,127,752)</u>   | <u>(18,498,120)</u>   |
|                                                    | <u>12,272,105,926</u> | <u>10,998,884,956</u> |

15 SHARE BASED COMPENSATION

|                          | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Share based compensation | <u>20,751,583</u>  | <u>20,751,583</u>  |
|                          | <u>20,751,583</u>  | <u>20,751,583</u>  |

On Sep 26, 2022, the Extraordinary Assembly unanimously approved the adoption of share based compensation and the allocation of 107,199,760 shares, representing 5% of the company's shares, for the benefit of share based compensation for employees, managers and executive board members of the company, and these shares are provided by issuing new shares to increase the capital in cash or by using part of the carry-forward profits and/or reserves after obtaining the approval of the General Assembly, at the nominal value of the share to finance share based compensation and/or through treasury shares to finance the company's share based compensation.

During the third quarter of 2024, share based compensation by amount of EGP 4,094,061 were granted.

On May 27, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the purchase of treasury shares and allocated part of them to the incentive and reward system. During the Year ending on December 31, 2024, a total of 2,173,000 shares were allocated to the incentive and reward system at an amount of EGP 4,993,061, bringing the total number of shares in the incentive and reward system to 9,687,876 shares, totalling EGP 7,986,952.

- Based on the approval of the Financial Regulatory Authority, the ownership of 2,760,000 shares, amounting to 4,883,071 Egyptian pounds, was transferred from treasury shares to the reward and incentive system, bringing the total to 12,870,023 Egyptian pounds.

- Based on the approval of the Financial Regulatory Authority, the ownership of 5,680,000 shares, amounting to 12,764,631 Egyptian pounds, was transferred from treasury shares to the reward and incentive system, bringing the total to 20,751,583 Egyptian pounds.



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16 CASH ON HAND AND AT BANKS

|                                        | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                        | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Cash on hand                           | 33,206,535           | 15,998,630           |
| Banks – current and investing accounts |                      |                      |
| Local currency                         | 3,499,583,603        | 2,382,089,229        |
| Foreign currency                       | 789,729,700          | 1,266,378,173        |
| Banks – Time deposits                  |                      |                      |
| Local currency                         | 196,104,439          | 155,421,199          |
| Foreign currency                       | 267,975,378          | 291,301,061          |
| Checks under collection                | 236,908,017          | 275,367,900          |
| Expected credit losses                 | (96,950)             | -                    |
|                                        | <u>5,023,410,722</u> | <u>4,386,556,192</u> |

\* The balance of time deposits held with banks represented in the following as at 31 Mar 2026:

- The amount of EGP 52,693,778 (equivalent to USD 964,381) and EGP 26,819,000 that represents restricted deposits against letters of guarantee and letters of credit.
- The amount of EGP 144,249,600 (equivalent to USD 2,640,000) deposit for in favor of the company Raya Contact Centers.
- The amount of EGP 71,032,000 (equivalent to USD 1,300,000) deposit for in favor of the company Raya Contact Centers Building management.
- The amount of EGP 35,600,000 is deposited in favor of Aman for Electronic Payment Company.
- The amount of EGP 225,000 is deposited in favor of Raya for foods and drinks
- The amount of EGP 60,000,000 is deposited in favor of Aman for Micro Finance company,
- The amount of EGP 1,405,199 is deposited in favor of Raya holding for financial investments
- The amount of EGP 72,683,240 is deposited in favor of Raya Electronics Company

17 ISSUED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

|                            | 31 Mar 2026   | 31 Dec 2025   |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|                            | EGP           | EGP           |
| Authorized capital         | 5,000,000,000 | 5,000,000,000 |
| Issued and paid-up capital | 1,070,324,442 | 1,070,324,442 |
| Shares number              | 4,281,297,768 | 4,281,297,768 |

- On 4 Sep 2024 the Extraordinary General Assembly held on 12 May 2024 was approved, and the company's capital was reduced by EGP 1,673,153, so that the issued and paid-up capital became EGP 1,070,324,442 after the reduction, and it was noted in the company's commercial register on 9 Sep 2024.

- On 4 Sep 2024, the Extraordinary General Assembly held on 12 May 2024 approved the split of the nominal value of the company's share from EGP 0.50 per share to EGP 0.25 per share, so that the company's capital consists of 4,281,297,768 shares (the value of the share is twenty-five piasters only).

18 LONG TERM LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

|                                       | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                       | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Long term loans – current portion     | 1,296,616,171        | 1,551,905,225        |
| Long term loans – non-current portion | 2,110,667,068        | 1,522,852,493        |
|                                       | <u>3,407,283,239</u> | <u>3,074,757,718</u> |

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

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**18 LONG TERM LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Loans balances are represented in the following:

|                                                          | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                                          | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| (1) Loans-Raya Holding Company for Financial Investments | 1,477,776,106        | 1,251,196,946        |
| (2) Loans- Raya Foods Company                            | 33,106,053           | 39,584,837           |
| (3) Loans- Raya for Electronics Previously SAMA          | -                    | 439,757,973          |
| (4) Loans- Raya Distribution                             | 394,590,015          | 103,385,380          |
| (5) Loans- Aman financial services                       | 43,726,176           | 48,359,075           |
| (6) Loans – Raya Electric Company                        | -                    | 17,130,791           |
| (7) Loans – Raya Advanced Manufacturing Company          | 36,077,078           | 38,069,266           |
| (8) Loans- Aman for Consumer Finance Company             | 1,422,007,811        | 1,137,273,450        |
|                                                          | <b>3,407,283,239</b> | <b>3,074,757,718</b> |

**(1) Raya Holding Company for Financial Investments**

|                                     | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                     | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Finance arrangement contract (loan) | 1,477,776,106        | 1,251,196,946        |
|                                     | <b>1,477,776,106</b> | <b>1,251,196,946</b> |

**Finance arrangement contracts**

Raya Holding Company, through its subsidiaries, has concluded contracts for the sale and leaseback of some assets owned by its subsidiaries, with the holding company obtaining financing directly. The Group applied Egyptian Accounting Standard No. 49 on Lease to financial leases concluded in accordance with Law 95 and in applying the standard the Group evaluated whether the sales contracts met the requirements contained in Standard 48 on Revenue. It was found that the conditions for the transfer of control were not available and therefore all contracts were treated as financing and therefore the asset sold continues to be recognized with the amounts received as financing and there is no impact on the financial statements since the financing was recognized as a liability to their books and the subsidiaries recognize the assets sold within their fixed assets.

**The company has obtained financing arrangement loans in the form of financial lease contracts with one of the financial leasing companies according to the following:**

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to lease the entire land and build the commercial ground floor in the western administrative building in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Company for Building Construction and Management at an amount of 100,000,000 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from December 25, 2021 until September 25, 2026, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 23,091,981 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee checks signed by Raya Integration.
- All documents of that facility are signed by Raya Integration and Raya Leasing Company (a subsidiary company) and the lending company as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to rent the entire land and build the first administrative floor in the western administrative building in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Leasing Company, at an amount of 100,000,000 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from January 15, 2022 until October 15, 2026, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 22,401,410 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee checks signed by Raya Holding.
- All documents of that facility are signed by Raya Integration and Raya Leasing Company (a subsidiary company) and the lending company as a promissory note for this facility.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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31 Mar 2026

**18 LONG TERM LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to rent the entire land and build the second and third floors in the western administrative building in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Leasing Company, at an amount of 150,000,000 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from January 25, 2022 until October 25, 2026, and the balance on 31 Mar 2026 reached 34,795,235 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee checks signed by Raya Holding.
- All documents of that facility are signed by Raya Holding and Raya Leasing Company (a subsidiary company) and the lending company as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to rent the entire land and build the second floor above the ground and basement, in addition to an area of 5,223 m of the total flat of the middle basement floor in the eastern administrative building in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Leasing Company, at an amount of 122,792,454 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from March 5, 2022 until December 5, 2026 The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 was 28,574,259 EGP.

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee cheques signed by Raya Holding Company.
- All the papers of this facility are signed by Raya Holding Company and Raya Leasing Company The financing company (subsidiary) and the lending company act as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to finance the completion of the administrative building of Raya Holding Group of Companies for Financial Investments in Sixth of October City in the amount of 150,000,000 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 60 monthly instalments starting from September 3, 2022 until August 3, 2027 the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 61,963,454 EGP.

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Promissory note in favour of the lender submitted by Raya Integration Company (subsidiary).
- All papers of this facility are signed by Raya Integration Company (a subsidiary) and the lending company serves as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to lease the entire land and build the basement, which has an area of 5,223 m of the total flat floor of the middle basement floor in the eastern administrative building in Galleria Building 40, owned by Raya Leasing Company, for an amount of 149,095,661 EGP, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from December 27, 2022 until September 27, 2027 The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 65,971,749 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee cheques signed by Raya Holding Company.
- All papers of this facility are signed by Raya Holding Company, Raya Leasing Company (a subsidiary) and the lending company as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to lease the first administrative floor in the northern administrative building, with an area of 2,250 m in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Lease Company, at an amount of 150,000,000 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 60 quarterly instalments starting from Sep 30, 2023 until April 30, 2028, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 80,095,956 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee cheques signed by Raya Holding Company.
- All the papers of this facility are signed by Raya Holding Company and Raya Leasing Company The financing company (subsidiary) and the lending company act as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to finance the completion of the administrative building of Raya Holding Group of Companies for Financial Investments in Sixth of October City in the amount of 200,006,069 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 60 monthly instalments starting from November, 2024 until October, 2029 the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 157,206,431 EGP.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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18 LONG TERM LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Promissory note in favour of the lender submitted by Raya Integration Company (subsidiary).
- All papers of this facility are signed by Raya Integration Company (a subsidiary) and the lending company serves as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a finance lease contract with a financial leasing company to lease the entire area of the fourth administrative floor, which is 2,225 m<sup>2</sup>, and the entire area of the fifth administrative floor, with a total area of 2,228 m<sup>2</sup>, for an amount of 400,000,000 Egyptian pounds. The loan is to be repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from April 2025 until January 15, 2030. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 358,215,880 EGP.

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Promissory note in favour of the lender submitted by Raya Integration Company (subsidiary).
- All papers of this facility are signed by Raya Integration Company (a subsidiary) and the lending company serves as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a finance lease contract with a financial leasing company to lease the entire area of the fourth floor, which is 2,200 m<sup>2</sup>, and the entire area of the fifth floor, which is 2,200 m<sup>2</sup>, for an amount of 380,000,000 Egyptian pounds. The loan is to be repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from January 10, 2025 until December 10, 2029. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 317,430,455 EGP.

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Promissory note in favour of the lender submitted by Raya Integration Company (subsidiary).
- All papers of this facility are signed by Raya Integration Company (a subsidiary) and the lending company serves as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to lease the first administrative floor in the northern administrative building, with an area of 2,225 m in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Lease Company, at an amount of 148,115,984 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from Jun 15, 2026 until Mar 15, 2031, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 148,115,984 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee cheques signed by Raya Holding Company.
  - All the papers of this facility are signed by Raya Holding Company and Raya Leasing Company
- The financing company (subsidiary) and the lending company act as a promissory note for this facility.

The company signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies to lease the first administrative floor in the northern administrative building, with an area of 1,980 m in Galleria 40 building, owned by Raya Lease Company, at an amount of 179,913,312 Egyptian pounds, and the loan is repaid in 20 quarterly instalments starting from Jun 15, 2026 until Mar 15, 2031, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 179,913,312 EGP

**Collaterals provided by the company**

- Guarantee cheques signed by Raya Holding Company.
  - All the papers of this facility are signed by Raya Holding Company and Raya Leasing Company
- The financing company (subsidiary) and the lending company act as a promissory note for this facility.

**(2) Raya Foods**

In 2021, on October 30, 2022, Raya Food Company applied the new Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (49) - Leasing Contracts and a sale contract was signed with re-lease on the land and buildings classified with the item (fixed assets), and the re-rented money amounted to 96,635,776 EGP and a down payment of 9,663,578.00 Egyptian pounds, provided that the quarterly rental value An amount of 5,631,450 EGP for a period of five Periods starting from October 31, 2022 to July 25, 2026 Due to the company's right to repurchase and the customer's failure to obtain control over the asset (lessor), the sale transaction with re-lease has been classified as financing in accordance with paragraphs (66b) to (68b) of the appendix of the new Egyptian standard No. (48), which resulted in the original rent amount of 18,412,772 on 31 Mar 2026. in Egyptian pounds, and the instalments are loaded with rental returns. and the returns are evaluated according to the corridor price.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 Mar 2026

**18 LONG TERM LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

It was agreed on a medium-term loan from a bank, which agreed to grant the company various credit facilities worth 50,500,000 only fifty million five hundred thousand EGP for nothing but divided into two sections - in addition to the interests and expenses granted in the form of medium-term financing to be used in the import of machinery and new equipment for the production line and construction work for the new line and to ensure the payment of this loan and its interests it was agreed that the company will arrange a mortgage on the movables subject to the contract, which are some machines and production lines and the equipment that will be classified within fixed assets item.

The first section with a maximum amount of 1,500,000 US dollars (only one million five hundred thousand US dollars only) not exceeding the equivalent in Egyptian pounds amount of 25,500,000 Egyptian pounds (only twenty-five million five hundred thousand Egyptian pounds only).

The second section with a maximum amount of EGP 25,000,000 (only twenty-five million Egyptian pounds only) The withdrawal currency is the Egyptian pound and/or US dollar depending on the user segment. The loan period is five Periods after a period and the use of twelve months, starting from the date of signing the contract and ending on the maturity date of the last instalment of the loan payment, and the loan is paid in 20 quarterly instalments and the interest is paid monthly on 31 Mar 2026, the amount of 17,721,533 EGP, equivalent to 324,333 USD.

**(4) Raya Distribution**

The company signed a financing contract with a bank. This obligation is to be repaid every three months until April 30, 2027, at an interest rate of 8.5%. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to \$ 1,805,417 equivalent to 98,647,985 EGP.

The company signed a short-term loan with a financing company in March 2026 for an amount of EGP 295,942,030 The loan is to be repaid in instalments over Six months, with interest calculated monthly. The loan balance as of 31 Mar 2026, is 295,942,030 EGP.

**(5) Aman for Financial Services**

**The company obtained medium and short-term loans, as shown below:**

1- Aman Financial Services Company signed a loan contract with a bank with a total amount of 125,000,000 Egyptian pounds for a period of two Periods. and the loan will be paid in 18 monthly instalments as of May 2022, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 29,499,460 Egyptian pounds.

2- Aman Financial Services Company signed a loan contract with a bank with a total amount of 50,000,000 Egyptian pounds for a period of two Periods, and the loan will be paid in 24 monthly instalments as of November 2022, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 14,226,716 Egyptian pounds.

The average interest rate on credit facilities obtained during the Period ended in 31 Mar 2026 is 1.43% above the price of the Corridor.

**(7) Raya Advanced Manufacturing Company**

The company has signed a financial lease contract with one of the financial leasing companies for an amount of EGP 50,000,000, and the loan will be repaid in quarterly installments starting from May 2024 until February 2029, and the loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 36,077,078 EGP

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 Mar 2026

18 LONG TERM LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(8) Aman for Consumer Finance

- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the first quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 768,971,598 EGP.
- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the Second quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 23,832,811 EGP.
- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the Second quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 231,977,878 EGP.
- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the Second quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 133,072,391 EGP.
- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the Second quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 137,539,086 EGP.
- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the Second quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 126,614,047 EGP.
- The company has signed a loan with a bank during the Second quarter of 2025. The loan balance on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 140,527,320 EGP.

19 PROVISIONS

|                                  | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Beginning balance for the Period | 267,996,940        | 190,509,680        |
| Charged during the Period*       | 40,431,231         | 167,790,619        |
| Used during the Period           | (15,530)           | (90,303,359)       |
|                                  | <u>308,412,641</u> | <u>267,996,940</u> |

\* The provided of the provisions was charged to the cost of the activity in the amount of 1.757.030 Egyptian pounds and the remaining amount was charged at the amount of 38.674.201 Egyptian pounds in the statement of profits and losses.

- Balance of provisions related to the parent company and its subsidiaries as follows:

|                                             | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Claims provision                            | 48,248,883         | 38,267,607         |
| Warranty provision                          | 1,316,835          | 517,267            |
| Other provision                             | 212,205,586        | 182,570,729        |
| Provision for acquisition of a subsidiaries | 46,641,337         | 46,641,337         |
|                                             | <u>308,412,642</u> | <u>267,996,940</u> |

20 ACCOUNTS AND NOTES PAYABLE

|                  | 31 Mar 2026<br>EGP    | 31 Dec 2025<br>EGP    |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Accounts payable | 11,122,601,875        | 10,035,562,855        |
| Notes payable    | 1,958,116,730         | 1,780,552,258         |
|                  | <u>13,080,718,605</u> | <u>11,816,115,113</u> |

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 Mar 2026

21 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CREDIT BALANCES

|                                     | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                     | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Accrued expenses                    | 2,111,000,444        | 1,814,265,928        |
| Unearned revenues and subscriptions | 3,156,460,160        | 2,482,868,265        |
| Customers down payments             | 2,291,998,717        | 2,626,041,642        |
| Creditors – Consumer Finance        | 495,506,200          | 485,848,062          |
| Other credit balances               | 890,129,263          | 815,800,820          |
|                                     | <u>8,945,094,784</u> | <u>8,224,824,717</u> |

22 BANK OVERDRAFT

(A) BANK OVERDRAFT- CURRENT PORTION

|                                                | 31 Mar 2026           | 31 Dec 2025           |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                | EGP                   | EGP                   |
| Raya Distribution Company                      | 2,427,598,896         | 1,327,049,724         |
| Raya Integration Company                       | 1,829,932,520         | 2,397,585,983         |
| Raya Holding Company for Financial Investments | 43,234,582            | 20,125,174            |
| Raya Advanced Manufacturing Company            | 352,087,260           | 469,193,415           |
| Raya Electronics Company                       | 1,127,089,926         | 1,201,775,397         |
| Best Service Company                           | 27,869                | 27,869                |
| Raya Foods Company                             | 145,092,364           | 1,717,988,014         |
| Raya Contact Centres Company – Poland          | 1,794,530,329         | -                     |
| Raya Algeria Company                           | 361,923               | 361,923               |
| Aman for Financial Service                     | 875,001               | 50,728,178            |
| Aman for Micro Finance                         | 5,297,505,348         | 4,142,339,568         |
| Ostool For Land Transportation                 | 161,569,084           | 291,309,708           |
| Egypt international communication company      | 940,618,521           | 621,288,007           |
| Raya Food & Beverage Company                   | 174,937,690           | 108,986,204           |
| Raya Electric Company                          | 91,237,676            | 207,584,395           |
| Aman for Consumer Finance Company              | 191,206,863           | 201,879,872           |
| Aman for Electronic Payments Company           | 67,337,758            | 187,048,950           |
| Raya Contact Centre                            | 46,537                | 53,519,871            |
|                                                | <u>14,645,290,147</u> | <u>12,998,792,252</u> |

(B) CREDIT FACILITIES -NON-CURRENT PORTION

|                        | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Dec 2025          |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                        | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Aman for Micro Finance | 1,314,399,871        | 1,375,661,959        |
|                        | <u>1,314,399,871</u> | <u>1,375,661,959</u> |

The subsidiaries obtained credit facilities guaranteed by Raya Holding Company for Financial Investments from several banks, and the interest rate for the local currency ranges from 26.25 % to 22.25 % and for foreign currency between 6.50% to 8.30%. There is no actual obligation on the holding company in this regard unless a default in payment occurs by the subsidiaries.

23 DIVIDENDS PAYABLE

|                               | 31 Mar 2026       | 31 Dec 2025       |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                               | EGP               | EGP               |
| Dividends Payable – Employees | 12,729,388        | 71,896,736        |
|                               | <u>12,729,388</u> | <u>71,896,736</u> |

**RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**24 A- REVENUES ACCORDING TO TYPE:**

|                                             | 31 Mar 2026           | 31 Mar 2025           |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                                             | EGP                   | EGP                   |
| Devices and goods distribution revenue      | 8,148,436,483         | 5,613,102,483         |
| Transportation service revenue              | 492,499,497           | 745,510,923           |
| Supplies, and Installations revenue         | 3,329,652,818         | 3,375,354,972         |
| Call Centre service revenue                 | 846,428,177           | 626,377,552           |
| Investment property revenue                 | 73,989,626            | 58,696,739            |
| Restaurant revenue                          | 51,213,172            | 51,174,779            |
| Non-bank financial services revenue         | 1,009,900,683         | 796,394,123           |
| Manufacture, and export revenue             | 774,827,143           | 571,585,670           |
| Canned foods revenue                        | 428,885,667           | 530,246,603           |
| Vehicles manufacturing revenue              | 441,307,843           | 338,182,549           |
| Electrical appliances manufacturing revenue | 218,438,501           | 175,030,433           |
|                                             | <u>15,815,579,610</u> | <u>12,881,656,826</u> |

**24 B- REVENUES ACCORDING TO CURRENCY:**

|                              | 31 Mar 2026           | 31 Mar 2025           |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                              | EGP                   | EGP                   |
| Revenues in Local currency   | 11,136,672,840        | 8,738,676,127         |
| Revenues in Foreign Currency | 4,678,906,770         | 4,142,980,699         |
|                              | <u>15,815,579,610</u> | <u>12,881,656,826</u> |

**25 COST OF REVENUES**

|                                                                                              | 31 Mar 2026           | 31 Mar 2025           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                                                              | EGP                   | EGP                   |
| Cost of materials used in the production                                                     | 876,697,365           | 730,976,858           |
| Devices and goods distribution cost                                                          | 7,648,605,870         | 5,222,864,330         |
| Supplies and Installations Cost                                                              | 2,609,562,455         | 2,700,831,926         |
| Transportation service cost                                                                  | 389,324,207           | 680,618,839           |
| Salaries and wages                                                                           | 688,185,038           | 656,808,655           |
| Fixed assets depreciation, Intangible assets and investment property and Right of use Assets | 121,732,667           | 177,890,277           |
| Finance cost                                                                                 | 14,465,351            | 13,776,525            |
| Other Direct Cost                                                                            | 11,032,660            | 10,029,691            |
|                                                                                              | <u>12,359,605,613</u> | <u>10,193,797,101</u> |

**26 INCOME TAX**

|                     | 31 Mar 2026          | 31 Mar 2025          |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                     | EGP                  | EGP                  |
| Current income tax  | (251,299,427)        | (176,431,946)        |
| Deferred income tax | (2,332,859)          | 7,634,522            |
|                     | <u>(253,632,286)</u> | <u>(168,797,424)</u> |

**27 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Related parties represent in associated companies, major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the boards of directors, and compensation contracts had been approved at general assembly meeting.



RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 Mar 2026

**28 TREASURY SHARES**

On 27 May 2024, the Board of Directors approved the company's purchase of treasury shares in the amount of EGP 10,000,000 million. And that for a period of one Period within the limits of the prescribed legal percentage and the use of part or all of those shares to finance the company's share-based compensation.

During the Period 2024 treasury shares was purchased 4,933,999 share amounts to 9,876,132 Egyptian pounds.

The balance of treasury shares during the financial period ended at 30 Jun 2025 amounted to 2760000 shares with an amount of 4,883,071 Egyptian pounds after allocating 2,173,000 shares for the Share based compensation amounting to EGP 4,993,061.

On April 14, 2025, the Board of Directors approved the purchase of treasury shares amounting to EGP 20,000,000 (twenty million Egyptian pounds only) and the use of part or all of these shares to fund the company's reward and incentive scheme. The balance of treasury shares as of 31 Mar 2026, amounted to 3,500,000 shares, valued at 9,978,744 EGP.

RAYA HOLDING COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (S.A.E)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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29 SEGEMENT REPORTING

| Period Ended                | Trade and distribution sector | Information technology sector | Call centers sector | Finance lease sector | International services sector | Land Transportation sector | Restaurants sector | Non-Bank Financial Services sector | Manufacturing & export sector | canned foods sector | Vehicles Manufacturing sector | Electrical appliances manufacturing sector | Securitization Sector | Other activities | Eliminations of intersegments | Consolidated |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 31 Mar 2026                 | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand        | EGP Thousand         | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand               | EGP Thousand       | EGP Thousand                       | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand        | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand                               | EGP Thousand          | EGP Thousand     | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand |
| Revenues                    | 6,799,323                     | 3,339,211                     | 857,498             | 73,990               | 70,995                        | 492,499                    | 51,213             | 2,525,717                          | 774,827                       | 428,886             | 441,308                       | 218,439                                    | -                     | -                | (258,326)                     | 15,815,56    |
| Cost                        | (6,222,767)                   | (2,127,801)                   | (466,478)           | (32,192)             | (81,136)                      | (441,033)                  | (24,853)           | (1,535,174)                        | (699,719)                     | (361,869)           | (415,427)                     | (209,483)                                  | -                     | -                | 258,326                       | (12,359,60   |
| Depreciation for the Period | (52,947)                      | (16,448)                      | (66,633)            | (14,884)             | (1,637)                       | (17,793)                   | (5,046)            | (60,678)                           | (6,551)                       | (9,497)             | (2,730)                       | (2,735)                                    | -                     | (2,595)          | -                             | (281,28      |
| Profit for the Period       | 87,447                        | 799,667                       | 82,101              | 20,454               | (120,928)                     | 16,077                     | (6,289)            | 24,118                             | 7,581                         | (176,929)           | (33,707)                      | (10,033)                                   | 466                   | (975)            | (303,041)                     | 384,01       |
| Total Assets                | 11,059,204                    | 21,678,005                    | 3,202,466           | 1,403,405            | 932,850                       | 1,775,745                  | 129,426            | 20,465,786                         | 642,250                       | 3,136,322           | 1,353,115                     | 1,081,920                                  | 14,464                | 8,412,817        | (20,365,817)                  | 54,923,91    |
| Total Liabilities           | (9,165,949)                   | (17,112,754)                  | (1,409,852)         | (790,129)            | (859,756)                     | (1,614,048)                | (80,616)           | (15,074,256)                       | (491,414)                     | (3,079,764)         | (853,851)                     | (823,077)                                  | (116)                 | (6,325,856)      | 11,245,795                    | (46,465,96   |
| Period Ended                | Trade and distribution sector | Information technology sector | Call centers sector | Finance lease sector | International services sector | Land Transportation sector | Restaurants sector | Non-Bank Financial Services sector | Manufacturing & export sector | canned foods sector | Vehicles Manufacturing sector | Electrical appliances manufacturing sector | Securitization Sector | Other activities | Eliminations of intersegments | Consolidated |
| 31 March 2025               | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand        | EGP Thousand         | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand               | EGP Thousand       | EGP Thousand                       | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand        | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand                               | EGP Thousand          | EGP Thousand     | EGP Thousand                  | EGP Thousand |
| Revenues                    | 6,310,797                     | 3,655,895                     | 651,031             | 58,697               | 237,108                       | 745,511                    | 51,175             | 1,721,734                          | 571,596                       | 530,247             | 338,183                       | 175,030                                    | -                     | -                | -                             | 15,046       |
| Cost                        | (5,773,553)                   | (2,975,216)                   | (334,887)           | (24,765)             | (174,182)                     | (678,479)                  | (26,757)           | (1,081,062)                        | (515,349)                     | (348,277)           | (254,914)                     | (171,710)                                  | -                     | -                | -                             | (12,359,60   |
| Depreciation for the Period | (37,387)                      | (8,378)                       | (139,367)           | (10,961)             | (582)                         | (11,219)                   | (4,361)            | (50,403)                           | (4,706)                       | (8,331)             | (1,982)                       | (2,763)                                    | -                     | (4,365)          | -                             | (284,000)    |
| Profit for the Period       | 83,423                        | 395,563                       | 69,493              | 13,952               | (11,887)                      | 14,377                     | (5,184)            | (46,648)                           | 6,367                         | 1,812               | 14,904                        | (9,539)                                    | 809                   | 1,000,398        | (1,157,619)                   | 370          |
| Total Assets                | 8,570,938                     | 12,210,312                    | 2,807,215           | 1,054,918            | 458,550                       | 2,131,960                  | 129,816            | 16,116,739                         | 448,106                       | 3,172,019           | 1,151,515                     | 878,268                                    | 10,943                | 6,725,648        | (13,797,556)                  | 42,369       |
| Total Liabilities           | (7,374,122)                   | (11,075,975)                  | (1,794,913)         | (524,613)            | (674,892)                     | (1,973,095)                | (83,480)           | (12,553,543)                       | (307,412)                     | (2,881,258)         | (714,165)                     | (622,107)                                  | (44)                  | (4,323,095)      | 7,365,783                     | (37,536,000) |

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**30 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Other Long-term liabilities represent value of the end of service benefits for some of Raya group employees, and business insurance.

**31 FINANCING RISK RESERVE**

In accordance with the letter from the Egyptian Financial Supervisory Authority dated February 20, 2023, which stipulates the calculation of the depreciation in the value of customer balances according to the requirements of Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (47), regarding the collection thereof in accordance with the provisions of Article (37) of the Board of Directors' Decision No. (173) for the Period 2014 and Law (101) for the Period 2020, and if the provision for doubtful debts exceeds its collection in accordance with the Authority's decision regarding the provision for depreciation of customer balances recognized in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (47), the difference is treated by deducting it from the profit or loss brought forward.

**32 TAX SITUATION**

Raya Holding Company for Financial Investments and some of its subsidiaries are subject to Egyptian income tax law. The income tax was calculated for each company individually, and the income tax amount shown in the consolidated profit or loss statement for the Period ended 31 Mar 2026 represents the total income tax for the subsidiaries, which are subject to income tax, except other subsidiaries that are exempted from income tax according to law (8) of 1997, as they are established in pursuance of this law, so no income tax was calculated.

**33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

**a) Foreign Currency Risk**

The foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of the financial assets and liabilities and the related cash inflows and outflows in foreign currencies will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies which are translated using the current exchange rate were as follows:

|      | 31 Mar 2026 | 31 Dec 2025 |
|------|-------------|-------------|
|      | Net         | Net         |
|      | EGP         | EGP         |
| USD  | 711,903,817 | 943,788,651 |
| EURO | 80,472,086  | 23,018,511  |
| GBP  | 29,597      | 14,997,952  |
| AED  | 44,065,377  | 136,974,077 |
| SAR  | 76,838,490  | 51,033,537  |

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, EUR, AED and SAR exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the company's profit before tax is due to changes in the value of monetary assets and liabilities. The company's exposure to foreign currency changes for all other currencies is not material.

| Currency | Change Ratio | 31 Mar 2026                     | Change Ratio | 31 Dec 2025                     |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
|          |              | The effect in profit before Tax |              | The effect in profit before Tax |
|          | %            | EGP                             | %            | EGP                             |
| USD      | %10+         | 71,190,382                      | %10+         | 94,378,865                      |
| USD      | %10-         | (71,190,382)                    | %10-         | (94,378,865)                    |
| EUR      | %10+         | 8,047,209                       | %10+         | 2,301,851                       |
| EUR      | %10-         | (8,047,209)                     | %10-         | (2,301,851)                     |
| GBP      | %10+         | 2,960                           | %10+         | 1,499,795                       |
| GBP      | %10-         | (2,960)                         | %10-         | (1,499,795)                     |
| AED      | %10+         | 4,406,538                       | %10+         | 13,697,408                      |
| AED      | %10-         | (4,406,538)                     | %10-         | (13,697,408)                    |
| SAR      | %10+         | 7,683,849                       | %10+         | 5,103,354                       |
| SAR      | %10-         | (7,683,849)                     | %10-         | (5,103,354)                     |

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**33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED):**

**b) Credit risk**

The group does business with financial institutions with high credit solvency which limiting credit risk.

For the group customers, the Group legal arrangements and documents made at the transaction date reduces credit risk to a minimum, and allowances are necessary to mitigate the risk of default in payment by the customer for each individual case.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk principally from its Accounts and notes receivables, Prepaid expenses and other debit balances, due from related parties, and from its financial activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions.

**Trade and notes receivables**

The Company has entered into contracts with customers. The Company is exposed to credit risk in respect of customers due amounts. In addition, due balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Company's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country, in which customers operate, has less influence on credit risk. The Company earns its revenues from a large number of customers.

**Other financial assets and cash deposits**

With respect to credit risk arising from the other financial assets of the Company, which comprise bank balances and cash on hand, financial assets at amortised cost, the Company's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these assets.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by local Company's treasury supported by the Parent Company. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by only placing balances with international banks and local banks of good repute. Given the profile of its bankers, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

**Due from related parties**

Due from related parties relates to transactions arising in the normal course of business with minimal credit risk, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these balances.

**c) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's obligations with floating interest rates and interest-bearing time deposits. Interest on financial instruments having floating rates is re-priced at intervals of less than one Period.

The risk of interest in the changes in interest rates which may have an adverse effect on the business results. The company's total liabilities from loans and credit facilities from banks as of 31 Mar 2026 are EGP 21,030,705,696 (31 December 2025 EGP 19,011,996,440) and value of related interest charged during the Period ended 31 Mar 2026 was EGP 487,336,084 (31 Dec 2025 EGP 2,369,169,940), Charged interest was classified as finance cost in profit or loss statement. The company management is always working to get better borrowing terms available in the market.

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33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED):

|                     | Change<br>in rate | 31 Mar 2026<br>Effect on profit<br>before tax<br>EGP | Change<br>in rate | 31 Dec 2025<br>Effect on profit<br>before tax<br>EGP |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Financial asset     | +1%               | 4,640,798                                            | +1%               | 4,467,223                                            |
|                     | - 1%              | (4,640,798)                                          | - 1%              | (4,467,223)                                          |
| Financial liability | +1%               | 210,307,057                                          | +1%               | 190,119,964                                          |
|                     | - 1%              | (210,307,057)                                        | - 1%              | (190,119,964)                                        |

d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the inability of the company to repay its obligations under the contractual terms with others.

The company's management on a regular basis to make sure of the availability of the necessary liquidity to pay obligations when due without incurring losses or risk the reputation of the company.

The company has sufficient cash to repay Batch projected expenditures include financial liabilities expenses.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the financial liabilities the company dates based on the contractual undiscounted payments

| Financial liabilities                                         | Less than 3 Months    | From 3 to 12 Months   | From 1 to 5 Periods  | Total                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 31 Mar 2026                                                   | EGP                   | EGP                   | EGP                  | EGP                   |
| Loans and finance lease arrangements                          | 872,399,574           | 403,478,052           | 2,131,405,613        | 3,407,283,239         |
| Short term loans                                              | -                     | 2,247,983,118         | -                    | 2,247,983,118         |
| Bank overdraft                                                | 9,763,526,765         | 4,881,763,382         | 1,314,399,871        | 15,959,690,018        |
| Accrued expenses, dividends payable and other credit balances | 5,971,882,781         | 2,985,941,390         | -                    | 8,957,824,171         |
| Income Tax                                                    | -                     | 636,748,735           | -                    | 636,748,735           |
| Right of use long term loans                                  | 50,965,343            | 58,204,406            | 1,374,701,525        | 1,483,871,274         |
| Other long-term liabilities                                   | -                     | -                     | 193,567,731          | 193,567,731           |
| Accounts and notes payable                                    | 8,720,479,070         | 4,360,239,534         | -                    | 13,080,718,604        |
| Long term notes payable                                       | -                     | -                     | 179,861,165          | 179,861,165           |
| <b>Total undiscounted financial liabilities</b>               | <b>25,379,253,533</b> | <b>15,574,358,617</b> | <b>5,193,935,905</b> | <b>46,147,548,055</b> |

| Financial liabilities                                         | Less than 3 Months    | From 3 to 12 Months   | From 1 to 5 Periods  | Total                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 31 December 2025                                              | EGP                   | EGP                   | EGP                  | EGP                   |
| Loans and finance lease arrangements                          | 1,034,603,484         | 517,301,742           | 1,522,852,493        | 3,074,757,719         |
| Short term loans                                              | -                     | 2,172,313,706         | -                    | 2,172,313,706         |
| Bank overdraft                                                | 8,665,861,501         | 4,332,930,751         | 1,375,661,959        | 14,374,454,211        |
| Accrued expenses, dividends payable and other credit balances | 5,483,216,478         | 2,813,504,975         | -                    | 8,296,721,453         |
| Income Tax                                                    | -                     | 543,660,373           | -                    | 543,660,373           |
| Right of use long term loans                                  | 42,931,838            | 21,465,918            | 1,308,806,326        | 1,373,204,082         |
| Other long-term liabilities                                   | -                     | -                     | 174,408,612          | 174,408,612           |
| Accounts and notes payable                                    | 7,877,410,076         | 3,938,705,037         | -                    | 11,816,115,113        |
| Long term notes payable                                       | -                     | -                     | 189,580,428          | 189,580,428           |
| <b>Total undiscounted financial liabilities</b>               | <b>23,104,023,377</b> | <b>14,339,882,502</b> | <b>4,571,309,818</b> | <b>42,015,215,697</b> |

e) Capital management

The main purpose of the company's capital management is to ensure that there is a good capital levels to support the business and maximize shareholder benefits. The Company manages its capital structure in light of changes in the conditions of activity. There are no changes occurred in the objectives and policies of the company during the Period.

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33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED):

f) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets of the company include cash on hand and at banks, fair value investments through profit or loss, accounts and notes receivables, and other debit balances, financial liabilities of the company include other credit balances, accounts and notes payable, loans, and credit facilities.

Note (2) from the notes to the financial statements accounting policies used to measure and recognize significant financial instruments and their related income.

Based on the methods used to evaluate the company's assets and liabilities contained in note (2) the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying value at the closing date of financial position.

34 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The value of letters of guarantee issued by the banks of the subsidiaries in Favour of third parties on 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 8,792,386,260 Egyptian pounds (December 31, 2025 amounted to 7,763,957,858 Egyptian pounds) and the uncovered part as of 31 Mar 2026 amounted to 8,519,981,983 Egyptian pounds (December 31, 2025 amounted to 7,474,636,545 Egyptian pounds) and the covered part of 272,404,276 Egyptian pounds was included under prepaid expenses and other debit balances (31 December 2025 amount 289,321,313 Egyptian pounds) Note (14).

35 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

--At its meeting held on Thursday, 12 February 2026, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of the Central Bank of Egypt decided to reduce the overnight deposit rate, the overnight lending rate, and the Central Bank's main operation rate by 100 basis points to 19.00%, 20.00%, and 19.50%, respectively. The discount rate was also reduced by 100 basis points to 19.50%.

- the region witnessed an escalation in geopolitical tensions between the United States of America and Iran, along with resulting military and political developments that may have implications for the global and regional economy. These developments could potentially lead to disruptions in global supply chains, particularly with respect to increases in shipping, insurance, and transportation costs, in addition to possible fluctuations in energy and commodity prices.

These events may also place pressure on foreign exchange markets, including potential fluctuations in the exchange rate of the US Dollar against other currencies, including the Egyptian Pound, which may affect import costs and the prices of certain inputs used in the Company's operations. The Company's management is continuously monitoring these developments to assess any potential financial impacts on the Company's operations and financial position. As of the date of approving the financial statements, management has not been able to reliably determine the financial impact of these events on the future financial statements.